

we are three agencies in one



MTC Metropolitan Transportation Commission

BATA Bay Area Toll Authority

SAFE Service Authority for Freeways and Expressways

We started out in 1970 as a state-chartered, single-purpose agency charged with mapping the transportation future of the nine-county San Francisco Bay Area. Today we are three agencies in one, with a broad portfolio of duties and a shared mission: to knit the region's 4,500 buses, railcars and ferries, 1,400 miles of highway, 20,000 miles of local streets and roads, and eight toll bridges into a smooth-functioning network that safely gets the region's nearly 7 million residents where they need to go, when they need to get there.

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In 2004, voters said "yes" more than 2.5 million times to improving mobility in the nine-county San Francisco Bay Area. More than 2.5 million times, Bay Area voters said "yes" to battling traffic congestion, boosting public transit service, and rehabilitating or replacing worn-out vehicles, roadways and other facilities over the next four decades. More than 2.5 million times, they said a resounding "yes" to taxing themselves and digging deeper into their pockets in order to give the region a world-class transportation system capable of carrying a growing population through the 21st century. In this annual report, we celebrate the region's banner year at the ballot box, and salute the voters who made it happen.

ETROPOLITAN TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION — 2004 ANNUAL REPORT

letter from the

executive - CICCTOF

In a series of 2004 ballot box victories, Bay Area voters delivered the impressive sum of \$8.5 billion in new transportation moneys in spite of the supermajority required for passing county sales taxes and most other local transportation funding measures in California. Not only did Bay Area citizens clear that once-daunting two-thirds vote hurdle again and again in 2004, but also, in several cases they exceeded it by a healthy margin. For the Metropolitan Transportation Commission (MTC), transit agencies, local governments, transportation stakeholders and commuters in the Bay Area, it was a banner year, the likes of which we haven't seen since 1962, when voters in three Bay Area counties agreed to tax themselves to build the BART regional rail system.

The Bay Area electorate made its first big transportation investment of 2004 in March, when voters approved Regional Measure 2 (RM 2). The landmark measure called for raising tolls on the region's seven state-owned bridges by \$1 in order to finance an ambitious Regional Traffic Relief Plan — largely designed to expand and enhance public transit options in and around the bridge corridors.

In terms of dollar impact, RM 2 is the largest of the year's crop of seven successful Bay Area transportation measures, promising to finance \$3.1 billion in transportation improvements and services over the next 35 years. MTC worked closely with the state Legislature — and particularly state Senator Don Perata — to draft the measure's mix of projects, and with local governments to build consensus and place the measure on their ballots. While as a "user fee" RM 2 only required a simple majority vote, the measure appeared on ballots in a full seven of the region's nine counties, making for a challenging campaign. There was a time in the Bay Area when calling for a \$1 bridge toll hike would have been political suicide. But in this era of "self-help" taxation and mounting frustration with traffic congestion, RM 2 readily passed with 57 percent of the votes cast.

The RM 2 expenditure plan touches on every mode of travel in the Bay Area. In addition to investing more than \$580 million in new commuter rail lines and extensions, the expenditure plan sets aside nearly \$400 million for growing the region's express bus, ferry and carpool-lane networks. In the realm of highway projects, RM 2

makes a \$51 million down payment on drilling a fourth bore for the Caldecott Tunnel, one of the East Bay's worst bottlenecks. The measure also earmarks \$42 million for deploying the high-tech TransLink® transit fare payment system regionwide. Long a priority on MTC's agenda, the TransLink® smart card will serve as a universally accepted passport on the region's many bus, rail and ferry systems.

In addition to swelling Bay Area transportation coffers, RM 2 also expands MTC's role as steward of the region's toll funds. I'm pleased to report that on July 28, a scant four weeks after the \$1 toll hike went into effect, we were geared up to make our first round of RM 2 allocations. By the close of the calendar year, MTC had authorized the allocation of \$158 million to more than two dozen RM 2 projects. And, acting as the Bay Area Toll Authority, MTC will issue bonds in the near future in order to expedite delivery of the RM 2 program.

The Bay Area electorate reaffirmed its support for transportation investments in November 2004, when supermajorities of two-thirds or greater approved new transportation sales taxes in Marin and Sonoma counties (half-cent and quarter-cent, respectively), and authorized 25-year extensions of existing half-cent sales taxes in Contra Costa and San Mateo counties. That same election, voters also mustered the two-thirds approval needed to pass a special East Bay parcel tax to buoy AC Transit's financially strapped bus system, and to levy a property tax to finance \$980 million worth of bonds for BART's seismic upgrade program.

The Bay Area kindled California's modern self-help movement in 1984 when Santa Clara County voters approved a local sales tax for transportation. Since then, the trend has been building momentum not only locally and across the state, but nationwide. In addition to the Bay Area's six successful transportation measures on the November ballot, three other California counties — Sacramento, San Bernardino and San Diego — renewed their half-cent sales taxes for transportation, raising an estimated \$25 billion. Nationally, the American Road & Transportation Builders Association reports that some three dozen ballot measures funding highways and public transit passed in November — many by significant margins — collectively generating tens of billions of dollars in new revenue.

At a time when state funding sources for transportation in California are under siege and federal funding levels are uncertain, the public's strong support at the local ballot box will allow critical mobility initiatives to move forward in the Bay Area and in dozens of cities across the land. It is our deep hope that the electorate's generosity and foresight will galvanize lawmakers at the state and federal levels to match their constituents' commitment to transportation. Thank you, Bay Area voters, for once again leading the way.

Steve Heminger





Yes Votes 743,741 Result Passed with 57% Ballot March 2004 Revenue: \$3.1 billion (35-year estimate — \$1.5 billion for capital projects; \$1.6 billion for operating purposes) Description: \$1 toll increase (to \$3) on all seven Caltrans-operated Bay Area toll bridges Duration: Permanent toll increase Counties Voting: Alameda, Contra Costa, Marin, San Francisco, San Mateo, Santa Clara and Solano Highlights: Provides funding for a diverse package of projects to improve mobility in bridge corridors. Key projects receiving funding include: seismic strengthening of the BART transbay tube; comprehensive regional express bus network; new ferries and dock enhancements; fourth bore for the Caldecott Tunnel; Dumbarton commuter rail; new Transbay Terminal/Downtown Caltrain extension in San Francisco; Interstate 80/680 interchange improvements (Solano County); BART extensions to Warm Springs and the Oakland International Airport; rail connection to East Contra Costa County (e-BART).

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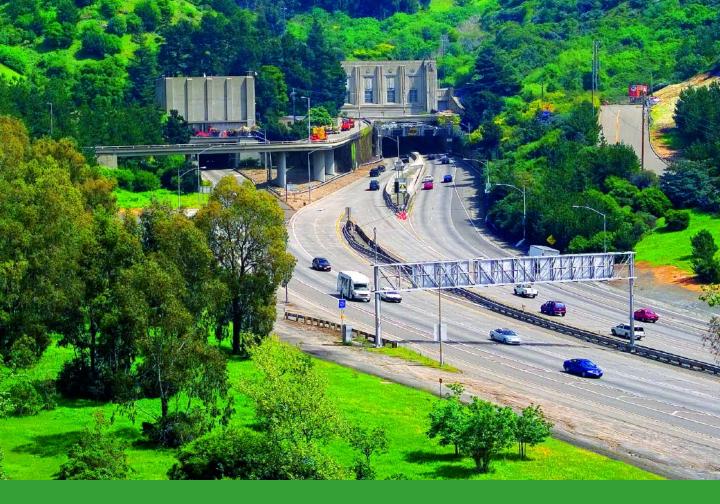
Yes Votes 186,480

Result Passed with 76%

(two-thirds majority required)

Ballot November 2004 Revenue: \$1.5 billion Description: Half-cent sales tax extension Duration: 25 years (2009–2034) Highlights: Provides funding to improve Caltrain service (grade separations and other capital and operating investments); reduce congestion via interchange and auxiliary lane improvements to U.S. Highway 101 and Interstate 280; repair neighborhood streets; expand senior and paratransit services; construct bicycle/pedestrian paths; support BART service to San Francisco International Airport; launch new passenger ferry service from South San Francisco and Redwood City.





Yes Votes 273,606

Result

Passed with 71% (two-thirds majority required)

Ballot

November 2004

Revenue: \$2 billion **Description:** Half-cent sales tax extension **Duration:** 25 years (2009–2034) **Highlights:** Provides funding for highways, arterials, transit facilities and services, bicycle and pedestrian facilities, and growth-management activities. Key projects receiving funding include: Caldecott Tunnel fourth bore; BART — East Contra Costa extension; Highway 4 widening; carpool-lane improvements on Interstates 80 and 680; local street and road maintenance; transit improvements for seniors and disabled persons.

Revenue: \$470 million **Description:** Quarter-cent sales tax **Duration:** 20 years (2005–2025) **Highlights:** Provides funding to maintain local streets; fix potholes; accelerate completion of U.S. Highway 101 widening/carpool lane project; improve interchanges; restore and enhance local bus service; build safe bicycle/pedestrian routes; support development of passenger rail service by the Sonoma-Marin Area Rail Transit District (SMART).

Yes Votes 140,557

Result

Passed with 67%

(two-thirds majority required)

Ballot







Revenue: \$332 million Description: Half-cent sales tax Duration: 20 years (2005-2025) Highlights: Provides funding to reduce school-related congestion and provide safe access to schools; maintain and improve local bus service, including special services for seniors and disabled persons; fully fund and complete U.S. Highway 101 carpool lanes through San Rafael; maintain and improve roads, bikeways, sidewalks and pathways.

Yes Votes 89,555

Result

Passed with 71%

(two-thirds majority required)

Ballot

Revenue: \$140 million **Description:** Extends and increases — from \$24 to \$48 per year — an existing parcel tax in AC Transit's northern and central service areas (not including Newark and Fremont) **Duration:** 10 years (2005–2015) **Counties:** Alameda and Contra Costa **Highlights:** Provides funding for AC Transit operations and maintenance; preserves local and transbay bus services; maintains affordable fare structure for seniors and people with disabilities; supports AC Transit's discount youth pass program.

Yes Votes **276,987**

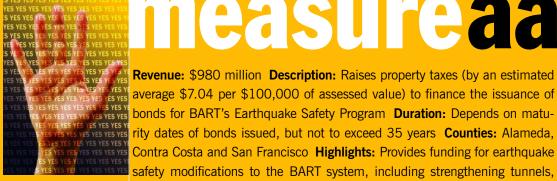
Result

Passed with 73% (two-thirds majority required)

Rallot







rity dates of bonds issued, but not to exceed 35 years Counties: Alameda, Contra Costa and San Francisco Highlights: Provides funding for earthquake safety modifications to the BART system, including strengthening tunnels, bridges, overhead tracks and the underwater transbay tube.

Yes Votes 808,528

Passed with 69%

(two-thirds majority required)

While the Bay Area may be at the forefront of the pro-transportation voting trend, other California communities are marching to the same tune. Overall, the statewide scorecard showed nine of 12 transportation measures won approval in November 2004, with victories outside the Bay Area in:

San Diego County — 67 percent of San Diego County voters gave their approval to Proposition A, a 40-year extension of the county's half-cent sales tax that is expected to raise \$14 billion for transit, highways and local roads.

Sacramento County — Measure A, a 30-year, \$4.7 billion extension of the county's half-cent sales tax for transportation, won passage with 75 percent of the vote. With related development fees, revenues will top \$5 billion.

San Bernardino County — Fully four out of five voters — 80 percent — voted for Measure I, a 30-year extension of the existing half-cent sales tax. The new measure will generate some \$6 billion for transportation projects.





At the national level, the 2004 tally for transportation was equally impressive. In the November elections alone, states and localities passed some three dozen transportation funding measures — many by margins of two-thirds or greater. This flood of "yes" votes will pump tens of billions of dollars in new, locally generated revenues to transportation projects and programs around the nation, including:

Phoenix, Arizona — Maricopa County voters approved an \$8.5 billion, 20-year half-cent sales extension to help fund a \$16 billion comprehensive transportation plan for the region.

Denver, Colorado — Voters in the seven-county metropolitan area approved a 0.4-cent increase to the existing 0.6-cent transportation sales tax, raising \$4.7 billion to fund commuter or light-rail lines from Denver to other Colorado cities.

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mtc 2004 year in review



January



Ushering in an era of closer cooperation, MTC and the Association of Bay Area Governments create a Joint Policy Committee to improve regional planning. In December, the Bay Area Air Quality Management District signs on.

May

MTC teams up with bicycle coalitions as well as with counties and cities to host Bike-to-Work Day 2004. Participants fueled up for

DIKE O WORK Lay

the ride at more than 150 "energizer stations."

Pedestrian/bicycle path opens on new Alfred Zampa Memorial Bridge (Carquinez Bridge), closing a major gap in two regional trail systems while providing outdoor enthusiasts with a dramatic new recreational experience.



MTC participates in a press conference held by U.S. Senator Barbara Boxer at the Oakland Amtrak station to promote her legislative efforts to improve security on rail transit systems.



July

In its role as the Bay Area Toll Authority, MTC advances \$49 million to Caltrans to accelerate the repair/replacement of deck joints on the Richmond-San Rafael Bridge. The infusion of funds could trim as much as two years off the construction schedule.



FASTRAK"

seven stateowned toll bridges for vehicles equipped with FasTrak™ electronic toll-payment transponders. The successful promotion attracts 80,000 new

August



In an MTC-commissioned report to examine cost overruns on the Bay Bridge East Span seismic replacement project, Bechtel Infrastructure Corp. recommends retaining the current self-anchored suspension design for safety, cost and timeliness reasons.

October

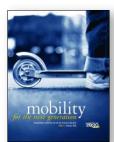


Acting as the Bay Area Toll Authority, MTC authorizes the issuance of \$300 million in toll revenue bonds, completing \$1 billion in financing for the Regional Measure 1 bridge improvement program approved by the region's voters in 1988.

November

FasTrak™ customers.

Culminating an 18-month public outreach and plan-development period, MTC releases the *Draft Transportation* 2030 Plan, which is built around the theme of "Mobility for the Next Generation."



As the Bay Area

a four-month,

discount on the region's

\$1 toll

Toll Authority, MTC introduces

> Bay Area voters approve transportation funding measures totaling \$5.4 billion, benefiting scores of transportation projects around the region. (See pages 6–11.)



February

A delegation of MTC staff and commissioners makes the rounds in Sacramento. urging legislators to reject transportation budget cuts and explore new financing options.

March

Bay Area voters approve Regional Measure 2, raising tolls on the seven state-owned bridges by \$1 to fund a \$1.5 billion program of congestion-relieving projects and underwrite up to \$1.6 billion in project operating costs over a 35-year period. (See page 5.)



April

The Intelligent Transportation Society of America honors MTC's 511 Traveler Information Service as the nation's "Best New Product, Service or Application." Meanwhile, 511's recently introduced DrivingTimes[™]

feature - which utilizes intelligent technology to calculate how long it will take to get from point A to point B - catches on with Bay Area drivers.

June

Fruitvale Village — a model mixed-use, high-density, transit-oriented development partially funded by MTC's Transportation for Livable Communities (TLC) Program opens in Oakland.



MTC's effort to involve the public in the development of the Transportation 2030 Plan



wins a Transportation Excellence Award from federal authorities. The agency's Low Income Flexible Transportation (LIFT) Program is similarly honored for helping to improve access to essential services.

July

MTC awards nearly \$50 million in the first round of allocations under the new Regional Measure 2 Program approved by voters in March. Of this, \$5.7 million will go toward purchasing and refurbishing historic streetcars for S.F. Muni's new E-Embarcadero line.



September

MTC joins with the Bay Area Air Quality Management District to offer free morningcommute rides on BART on Spare the Air days. This innovative pilot program boosts BART's daily ridership by 40,000 riders in its first two days of existence.





Transportation for Livable Communities: Works in Progress is published, spotlighting some of the 129 community-oriented transportation projects that MTC has funded since 1998 as part of its innovative TLC Program.

Caltrain's Baby Bullet express train service from San Jose to San Francisco wins the Grand Award at MTC's 26th Awards Program. The new rail service is among 14 individuals, organizations and projects to be honored for contributions to Bay Area transportation.



December

The 511 Traveler Information Service logs its 5 millionth call, just days after celebrating its second full year of service.



Rachel Garcia of Concord — .who phones 511 regularly to check traffic conditions on East Bay freeways - as the symbolic 5 millionth caller.

On the heels of approving \$500,000 in TLC planning grants in November, MTC approves another \$18.4 million in TLC capital grants to foster transit-, pedestrianand bike-friendly communities.





MTC cosponsors (with the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency and others) the "Faster Freight, Cleaner Air" conference in Oakland. MTC's Regional Goods Movement Study is released in conjunction with the event.

MTC Allocations to local agencies and jurisdictions for fiscal year 2003–04

							Local/Regiona	ıl	
	_		Transportation D	evelop	ment Act			AB 1107	r(a)
Recipients		Transit Operations ^(c)	Trans Capita	it al ^(c)	Streets and Roads		Pedestrian and Bicycle	Tra Operati	insit ions
Transit Agencies									
Alameda-Contra Costa Transit District (AC Transit)	\$	49,187,496	\$	\$	_	\$	_	\$28,526,4	402
Bay Area Rapid Transit District (BART)		_	_		_		_		_
Caltrain/Joint Powers Board		_	_		_		_		_
Central Contra Costa Transit Authority (County Connection)		13,149,678	332,144		_		_		_
Eastern Contra Costa Transit Authority (Tri Delta Transit)		6,944,761	454,000		_		_		_
Fairfield/Suisun City Flyer		1,951,773	1,895,535		_		_		_
Golden Gate Bridge, Highway & Transportation District		13,395,231	_		_		_		_
Livermore/Amador Valley Transit Authority (WHEELS)		6,446,867	_		_		_		_
Napa Valley VINE		4,261,156	97,000		_		_		_
San Francisco Municipal Railway (Muni)		27,430,399	_		_		_	28,526,4	102
San Mateo County Transit District (SamTrans)		26,993,456	_		_		_		_
Santa Clara Valley Transportation Authority (VTA)		64,993,308	_		_		_		_
Santa Rosa CityBus		3,054,306	1,680,000		_		_		_
Sonoma County Transit		7,354,233	99,109		_		_		_
Union City Transit		1,528,029	231,060		_		_		_
Vallejo Transit		4,225,609	125,000		_		_		_
Western Contra Costa Transit Authority (WestCAT)		1,271,324	_		_		_		_
Subtotal	\$2	32,187,626	\$4,913,848	\$	_	\$	_	\$57,052,8	304
Counties/Regional Agencies									
Alameda County ^(f)		36,708	_		_	1,	621,551		_
Contra Costa County ^(f)		_	_		_		453,100		_
Marin County ^(f)		_	_		_		624,486		_
Napa County ^(f)		_	_		_		197,000		_
City and County of San Francisco ^(f)		_	_		_		704,000		_
San Mateo County ^(f)		_	_		_	1,	125,146		_
Santa Clara County ^(f)		_	_		_	1,	382,928		_
Solano County ^(f)		3,315,574	1,149,765		2,154,576		310,000		_
Sonoma County ^(f)		1,235,347	25,000		_		674,695		_
Metropolitan Transportation Commission		_	_		_		_		_
Association of Bay Area Governments		_	_		_		_		_
Subtotal	\$	4,587,629	\$1,174,765	\$	2,154,576	\$7,	092,906	\$	_
Regional Total	\$2	36,775,255	\$6,088,613	\$	2,154,576	\$7,	092,906	\$57,052,8	304

⁽a) Revenues from a half-cent sales tax collected in Alameda, Contra Costa and San Francisco counties.

⁽b) Includes community transit operating and capital funds.

⁽c) Includes Transportation Development Act Articles 4.5 and 8 community transit programs.

⁽d) Allocations are from State Unrestricted Reserve Funds, provided by Caltrans.

⁽e) SamTrans claims these funds on behalf of the Caltrain/Joint Powers Board.

State

Total Bridge Revenues		State Transi	t Assistance ^(b)					
	Transit Operations (d)	Transit Capital	Transit Operations	Transit Capital	Transit Operations	Transit Capital	Other Capital	Total
	\$	\$ 4,851,374	\$ 9,960,344	\$ -	\$ 87,674,242	\$ 4,851,374	\$	\$ 92,525,616
	_	18,453,160	_	_	_	18,453,160	_	18,453,160
	_	_	_	2,189,644 ^(e)	_	2,189,644	_	2,189,644
	_	1,935,958	981,999	_	14,131,677	2,268,102	_	16,399,779
	_	842,004	1,142,309	_	8,087,070	1,296,004	_	9,383,074
	_	_	200,000	396,119	2,151,773	2,291,654	_	4,443,427
	_	_	2,260,576	_	15,655,807	_	_	15,655,807
	_	707,265	302,314	_	6,749,181	707,265	_	7,456,446
	_	_	259,853	_	4,521,009	97,000	_	4,618,009
	_	4,278,574	12,033,587	_	67,990,388	4,278,574	_	72,268,962
	_	324,000	891,611	_	27,885,067	324,000	_	28,209,067
	_	_	4,413,681	_	69,406,989	_	_	69,406,989
	_	_	298,593	_	3,352,899	1,680,000	_	5,032,899
	_	_	448,451	_	7,802,684	99,109	_	7,901,793
	_	65,947	332,378	_	1,860,407	297,007	_	2,157,414
	1,619,286	1,911,351	382,151	_	6,227,046	2,036,351	_	8,263,397
	_	1,161,390	1,018,084	_	2,289,408	1,161,390	_	3,450,798
	\$1,619,286	\$34,531,023	\$34,925,931	\$2,585,763	\$325,785,647	\$42,030,634	\$ —	\$367,816,281
	1,100,374	487,600	_	_	1,137,082	487,600	1,621,551	3,246,233
	_	_	_	_	_	_	453,100	453,100
	_	_	_	_	_	_	624,486	624,486
	_	_	_	_	_	_	197,000	197,000
	_	_	_	_	_	_	704,000	704,000
	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,125,146	1,125,146
	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,382,928	1,382,928
	_	_	570,087	55,000	3,885,661	1,204,765	2,464,576	7,555,002
	_	_	89,025	_	1,324,372	25,000	674,695	2,024,067
	_	_	1,812,000 ^(g)	339,000 ^(g)	1,812,000	339,000	_	2,151,000
	140,000 ^(h)	_			140,000			140,000
	\$1,240,374	\$ 487,600	\$ 2,471,112	\$ 394,000	\$ 8,299,115	\$ 2,056,365	\$9,247,482	\$ 19,602,962
	\$2,859,660	\$35,018,623	\$37,397,043	\$2,979,763	\$334,084,762	\$44,086,999	\$9,247,482	\$387,419,243

⁽f) Includes funding for cities, counties and local transportation agencies that are not listed separately above.
(g) Allocations fund MTC-sponsored regional programs to improve coordination of and access to transit services; programs include TransLink® transit-fare smart card, Low Income Flexible Transportation (LIFT) Program, and others.

⁽h) Bridge-toll-funded pedestrian and bicycle allocations.

Financial Highlights for fiscal year 2003-04

Metropolitan Transportation Commission MTC



Expenses	
Allocations (by Fund Source):	
State Transit Assistance	\$ 38,618,599
AB 664 Net Toll Revenue Reserves	24,485,513
Express Bus Program	3,980,000
Other	24,601,497
Professional Fees	29,272,127
■ Salaries & Benefits	12,698,204
Other Expenditures	3,148,530
Total Expenses	\$ 136,804,470

Bay Area Toll Authority BATA



Expenses Operating Expenses: State of California, Caltrans \$ 44,456,244 Professional Fees 1,863,054 Salaries and Benefits 1,101,243 Depreciation/Other 607,803 Non-Operating Expenses: Interest Expense 26,663,420 Operating Transfers to MTC 25,163,318 Capital Transfers: State of California, Caltrans 370,934,046 Other Agencies 3,976,719 Total Expenses/Transfers \$474,765,847

Service Authority for Freeways and Expressways SAFE

Revenues	
■ Caltrans Grants	\$ 5,931,195
Registration Fees	5,839,026
■ Interest Income	177,697
■ Federal Grants	109,432
■ Transfers From BATA	70,000
■ Other	199,245
Total Revenue	\$ 12,326,595

Expenses		
■ Towing Contracts	\$	6,936,786
■ Depreciation/Communications/Othe	r	1,572,112
Transfers to MTC		1,134,421
Ongoing Maintenance		952,485
Professional Fees		722,339
Salaries and Benefits		685,695
Increase in Reserves		322,757
Total Expenses/Transfers	\$	12,326,595

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Report of Independent Auditors

To the Commissioners Metropolitan Transportation Commission

In our opinion, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Metropolitan Transportation Commission (MTC) which collectively comprise MTC's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents, present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information, at June 30, 2004 and 2003, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable thereof for the years then ended, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund, Transit Reserve Fund, Rail Extention Reserve Fund, AB 664 Net Toll Revenue Reserve Fund, Exchange Fund, State Transit Assistance Fund and the Feeder Bus Fund for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. These financial statements are the responsibility of the MTC's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits of these statements in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards which require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 7, 2004 on our consideration of MTC's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants for the year ended June 30, 2004. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 2 through 12 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

The supplemental schedules on pages 65 through 83 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the audit procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

nicewaler house sepera LLP

October 7, 2004

Management's Discussion and Analysis

This section presents a discussion of the results of operations and financial performance of Metropolitan Transportation Commission (MTC), its blended component units, and fiduciary funds for the year ended June 30, 2004.

The fiscal year 2004 was a year of mixed results for MTC. MTC's general fund still incurred an operating deficit while there was a surplus in the MTC SAFE and BATA. The Bay Area economy improved a bit from the previous year with the region's sales tax revenue having a slight increase after two straight declining years. Despite only a small increase in the overall economy, there were highlights during the fiscal year as well. Several programs that made significant progress during this current year are as follows:

- The Transportation 2030 plan is a 25-year transportation policy and spending blueprint for the nine-county San Francisco Bay Area. This plan and document was a huge undertaking during the year and involved many community participants and the region's transit partners. The culmination of this effort will result in a draft of the Transportation 2030 Plan to be released in the fall of 2004 with the final approval slated for early 2005.
- BATA assumed management of the FasTrak Regional Customer Service Center (RCSC) from Caltrans effective April 2004. The FasTrak RCSC project is a partnership between BATA, Golden Gate Bridge, Highway and Transportation District (GGBHTD) and Caltrans to consolidate the FasTrak service center operations. The contractor will merge the two service centers next year into a single facility with a single software system.
- The Carquinez bridge was completed and opened to the public in October 2003. This is the new westbound I-80 span built with Regional Measure 1 toll funds.
- The Bay Area voters approved the Regional Measure 2 ballot in March 2004. This measure increases the bridge toll revenue for the seven bridges in the Bay Area maintained by Caltrans by one dollar effective July 1, 2004. This dollar is designated for a list of projects to reduce traffic congestion in the region.
- The 511 program received a couple of significant recognition awards. The 511 Traveler Information project received the American Public Transportation Association's APTA Innovation Award in 2003 for being the nation's most fully implemented 511 system and serving as a model for other metropolitan areas. This program also won a Transportation management 'Tranny' award for the California Transportation Foundation also in 2003.

(Except as otherwise stated, all amounts described below are expressed in thousands of dollars - 000 removed)

A. Financial Highlights

The net assets decreased in each of the last two years with a \$325,265 or 96.7 percent decrease for 2004 and a \$247,204 or 42.4 percent decrease for 2003. The decreases are primarily the result of planned project drawdowns in the BATA Regional Measure 1 (RM 1) program.

Net assets in the governmental funds also decreased in each of the last two years with a \$9,406 or 5.7 percent decrease for 2004 compared to a \$4,296 or 2.6 percent decrease for 2003 as reported under the accrual basis of accounting. Net assets in the governmental funds also decreased for the last two years with a \$17,099 or 14.1 percent decrease for 2004 compared to a \$11,488 or 8.7 percent decrease for 2003 as reported under the modified accrual basis of accounting.

At June 30, 2004 fiscal year, the general fund unrestricted reserves were \$4,133 or 7.5 percent of total general fund expenditures. The general fund unrestricted reserves at June 30, 2003 fiscal year were \$1,953 or 2.2 percent of the total general fund expenditures. The unreserved general fund balance increased by \$2,180 or 111.6 percent in fiscal 2004 mainly due to a decrease in restricted reserves.

B. Overview of Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements provide an overview of MTC and its blended component units. The government-wide financial statements comprise a Statement of Net Assets, a Statement of Activities, and accompanying footnotes. The Statement of Net Assets presents information on the government-wide change in assets and liabilities of MTC during the 2004 fiscal year. The difference between the assets and liabilities is reported as "Net Assets". The Statement of Activities presents government-wide information showing the change in net assets resulting from revenues earned and expenses incurred during the 2004 and 2003 fiscal years. All changes in net assets are recorded as revenues are earned and expenses are incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

The government-wide financial statements distinguish business-type activities, which recover a significant portion of costs from user fees or charges, and from governmental activities that are principally supported by grants, contributions, taxes and inter-governmental sources.

MTC is composed of governmental and business-type funds. The governmental funds comprise the general fund and the special revenue funds. The business or proprietary funds are BATA and MTC SAFE. These funds are further described on pages 42-43 of the footnotes to the financial statements.

The government-wide Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities are presented on pages 13-16 of this report with the accompanying footnotes being presented on pages 38-63.

C. Overview of the Fund Financial Statements

i.) Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for the MTC activities supported by grants, contributions, sales taxes, and inter-governmental revenue sources. These funds focus on the annual inflows and outflows of resources as well as on the balance of resources available to be spent at fiscal year end rather than the longer term focus of governmental activities as seen in the government-wide financial statements. The governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison of governmental funds to governmental activities.

MTC's governmental funds include a general fund and six special revenue funds. These funds are presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances. The general fund and six of these special revenue funds are considered to be major funds. The financial statements of the governmental funds, prepared under the modified accrual basis of accounting are on pages 17-21 of this report.

MTC adopts annual budgets for all funds. However, a comparison of budget-to-actual is required only for the governmental funds and is presented in these financial statements on pages 22-28 of this report.

ii) Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds are used to report business-type activities. MTC has two proprietary funds, BATA and SAFE. These funds are presented as blended component units of MTC on the government-wide financial statements. BATA oversees the administration of toll collection and maintenance activities for the seven state-owned bridges in the San Francisco Bay Area, as well as administers the RM 1 capital improvement program approved by the voters in 1988. SAFE administers a freeway motorist aid system providing tow truck and call box services to stranded motorists in the nine Bay Area counties.

The financial statements of the proprietary funds are prepared on an accrual basis and are on pages 29-36.

iii) Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held in a trust or agent capacity for the benefit of parties outside MTC. These funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements, as the resources cannot be used to support the programs of MTC or those of its component units. The fiduciary funds of MTC use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

MTC reports on two fiduciary funds, Transportation Development Act (TDA) and BART Half Cent Sales Tax (AB1107) funds. Revenue for each of these funds are derived from sales tax revenues. The revenues for the TDA fund are deposited with the respective treasurer in each of the nine counties in the region. The revenues for the AB1107 fund are deposited with the State of California. MTC has administrative oversight for the allocation of these funds.

The fiduciary funds financial statements are presented on page 37 of this report.

D. Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements, beginning on page 38, provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

E. Government-wide Financial Analysis

Total government-wide assets exceeded liabilities for fiscal 2004 by \$11,134 and by \$336,399 for fiscal 2003 as illustrated in the following table. This represents a decrease in net assets for fiscal 2004 of \$325,265 and a decrease of \$247,204 for fiscal 2003.

i.) Statement of Net Assets

The following table shows the MTC's government-wide statements of net assts for the last 3 years:

				Metropo	litan	Transportat	ion (Commission's Char	nges in Net A	ssets	(\$000)				
			Gov	ernmental				Bu	siness Type						
			A	ctivities					Activities			Total			
	_	2004		2003		2002		2004	2003		2002	2004	2003	20	2002
Cash and investments	\$	105,502	\$	116,771	\$	100,833	\$	623,333 \$	863,450	\$	775,854 \$	728,835	\$ 980,221	\$ 876,6	687
Receivables		13,248		29,318		43,066		18,866	37,636		44,556	32,114	66,954	87,6	622
Other assets		467		508		406		8,060	8,414		5,127	8,527	8,922	5,5	533
Loan to other agencies		47,810		39,935		32,440		4,400	2,003		2,003	52,210	41,938	34,4	443
Capital assets		2,945		3,146		3,466		1,741	2,137		1,274	4,686	5,283	4,7	740
Total assets		169,972		189,678		180,211		656,400	913,640		828,814	826,372	1,103,318	1,009,0	025
Long term debt, net		_		_		_		701,161	701,245		401,329	701,161	701,245	401,3	329
Other Liabilities		15,325		25,626		11,863		98,752	40,048		12,230	114,077	65,674	24,0	093
Total liabilities		15,325		25,626		11,863		799,913	741,293		413,559	815,238	766,919	425,4	422
Net assets: Invested in capital assets,															
net of related debt		2,946		3,146		3,466		1,886	2,137		1,274	4,832	5,283	4,7	740
Restricted		116,532		123,857		101,516		175,000	130,000		125,000	291,532	253,857	226,5	516
Unrestricted		35,169		37,049		63,366		(320,399)	40,210		288,981	(285,230)	77,259	352,3	
Total net assets	\$		\$	164,052	S	168,348	S	(143,513) \$	172,347	S	415,255 \$	11,134 \$		\$ 583,6	

Total restricted assets increased by \$38,125 or 15.0 percent for fiscal 2004 and \$26,891 or 11.9 percent for fiscal 2003. The net increase for the year 2004 includes a \$45,000 increase from the business type activities for the bond covenant reserve requirement for the operating and maintenance reserve for the BATA bonds. The governmental activities had a decrease of \$9,851 in encumbrances during this same period. The unrestricted net assets show a total of negative \$285,230. Of this amount, negative \$345,325 is attributable to BATA, included in the business type activities.

BATA is the financing arm for the Regional Measure 1 program where the project work construction is being managed by Caltrans. To date, the debt issued for this work is \$700,000. The cash proceeds from this debt are used to reimburse Caltrans for capital construction costs. Since the bridges are not capitalized in BATA, since title remains with Caltrans, the distributions to Caltrans are creating a negative asset. BATA does not have sufficient current resources on hand to fund current and long-term liabilities; however, future toll revenues are pledged to cover debt service payments when made. This information is more fully disclosed in note 2 on page 47 of this report.

ii) Statement of Activities

MTC's net assets for governmental activities decreased the last two years by \$9,406 or 5.7 percent for fiscal 2004 and a \$4,296 or 2.6 percent for fiscal 2003. A breakdown of this activity is illustrated in the table below:

		Metropolitan Transportation Commission's Changes in Net Assets (\$000)													
				Governme	ntal				Business Type	;					
	_			Activiti	es				Activities		Total				
	_	2004		2003		2002		2004	2003	2002	2004	2003	2002		
Revenues:															
Program revenues:															
Charges for services	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	152,937 \$	151,914 \$	150,128 \$	152,937 \$	151,914 \$	150,128		
Operating grants and contributions		49,974		48,068	\$	47,069		6,718	7,074	7,068	56,692	55,142	54,137		
Capital grants and contributions		42,344		72,345		64,472		-	-	-	42,344	72,345	64,472		
General revenues:									-	-	-	-	-		
Investments earnings		1,090		1,764		4,375		11,185	25,793	45,598	12,275	27,557	49,973		
Total revenues		93,408		122,177		115,916		170,840	184,781	202,794	264,248	306,958	318,710		
Expenses:															
General government		47,238		48,571		45,895		-	-	-	47,238	48,571	45,895		
Allocations to other agencies		81,873		105,152		92,787		-	-	-	81,873	105,152	92,787		
Toll bridge activities		-		-		-		451,930	390,063	347,029	451,930	390,063	347,029		
Congeston relief		-		-		-		10,869	10,376	9,251	10,869	10,376	9,251		
Total expenses		129,111		153,723		138,682		462,799	400,439	356,280	591,910	554,162	494,962		
Decrease in net assets before transfers		(35,703)		(31,546)		(22,766)		(291,959)	(215,658)	(153,486)	(327,662)	(247,204)	(176,252)		
Transfers in (out)		26,298		27,250		27,013		(26,298)	(27,250)	(27,013)	-				
Contributed capital		-		-		-		2,397	-	-	2,397	-	-		
Increase (decrease) in net assets	_	(9,405)		(4,296)		4,247		(315,860)	(242,908)	(180,499)	(325,265)	(247,204)	(176,252)		
Net assets Beginning		164,052		168,348		164,101		172,347	415,255	595,754	336,399	583,603	759,855		
Net assets Ending	\$	154,647	\$	164,052	\$	168,348	\$	(143,513) \$	172,347 \$	415,255 \$	11,134 \$	336,399 \$	583,603		

Capital grants and contributions decreased in fiscal 2004 by \$30,001 or 41.5 percent compared to an increase in fiscal 2003 of \$7,873 or 12.2 percent. This is mainly due to the Regional Express Bus Program. The revenue in fiscal 2004 for this program was \$3,980 compared to \$34,952 for fiscal 2003 as this 40 million dollar program nears completion.

Investment earnings decreased in fiscal 2004 by \$15,282 or a 55.5 percent and decreased by \$22,416 or 44.9 percent in fiscal year 2003. This continued decline is due to cash drawdowns in the BATA operations for ongoing bridge construction.

Allocations to other agencies decreased by \$23,279 or 22.1 percent in fiscal 2004 compared to an increase in fiscal 2003 of \$12,365 or 13.3 percent. The fiscal 2004 decrease is mainly due to allocations expense in two funds. Allocations expense increased for the AB664 fund by \$13,271 and the STA fund had a decrease of \$\$30,972 for the Regional Express Bus program.

Toll bridge activities increased by \$61,867 or 15.9 percent versus an increase of \$43,034 or 12.4 percent in fiscal 2003. The fiscal 2004 toll bridge activities increase is due primarily to interest expense, and capital and operating expenses incurred by Caltrans.

F. Financial Analysis of Business-Type Activities

The following table shows the results of operations for the last three years.

Business Type Funds (\$000)				1
		2004	2003	2002
Revenues:		145.156	111200	
Toll revenues collected by Caltrans	\$	145,176 \$	144,200 \$	142,337
Other operating revenues Total revenues		7,960 153,136	7,734 151,934	7,797 150,134
Total revenues		133,130	131,934	130,134
Operating expenses:				
Operating expenses incurred by Caltrans		44,456	35,717	29,277
Other operating expenses		14,442	13,495	12,408
Total operating expenses		58,898	49,212	41,685
Operating income/(loss)		94,238	102,722	108,449
Non-operating revenues/(expenses)				
Interest income		11,185	25,697	45,532
Interest expense		(26,663)	(20,441)	(13,358)
Other		6,518	7,150	7,128
	•	(8,960)	12,406	39,302
Income before operating and capital transfers		85,278	115,128	147,751
Transfers		(26,298)	(27,250)	(27,012)
Net income before capital transfers		58,980	87,878	120,739
Distributions/Contributions		(377,237)	(330,786)	(301,238)
Net assets before capital contribution		(318,257)	(242,908)	(180,499)
Contributed capital		2,397	-	-
Change in net assets		(315,860)	(242,908)	(180,499)
Total net assets - beginning		172,347	415,255	595,754
Total net assets - ending	\$	(143,513) \$	172,347 \$	415,255

Toll revenue for the seven bridges increased nominally for the last two years. It increased by \$976 or .7 percent in fiscal 2004 compared to \$1,863 or 1.3 percent for the fiscal 2003. The increase for both years resulted from a nominal increase in vehicle traffic. See schedules 7-15 of this report for more detail on toll revenue by bridge and vehicle count.

Operating expenses incurred by Caltrans increased for both years. The increase for the fiscal year 2004 was \$8,739 or 24.5 percent while the increase for fiscal year 2003 was \$6,440 or 22.0 percent. The increase in fiscal 2004 was due to several cost factors. Caltrans had to pay for overtime to toll collectors due to a hiring freeze by the State. Maintenance costs increased due to the warranty expiring on the ETC center. An additional amount of \$478 of costs is related to operating the ETC Center for GGBHTD. This amount is offset in other operating revenue as a reimbursement from GGBHTD for these costs.

Interest income decreased the last two years by \$14,512 or 56.5 percent for fiscal 2004 and by \$19,835 or 43.6 percent for fiscal 2003. This is expected due to a reduction in cash balances due to the ongoing bridge construction. The cash balance will be increased by 300 million upon the last debt issuance for the RM 1 program in the fall of 2004.

Interest expense increased the last two years. It increased by \$6,222 or 30.4 percent for fiscal 2004 and \$7,083 or 53.0 percent in fiscal year 2003. The fiscal 2004 increase is due primarily to the interest expense on the Series 2003 bonds. The interest expense in fiscal 2004 for the Series 2003 bonds was \$9,486 and it was \$3,288 in fiscal 2003. Fiscal year 2004 included a full year's worth of interest on these bonds and fiscal 2003 had 4 months of interest as this debt was issued in March 2003.

G. Financial Analysis of Governmental Activities

The fund balance of the MTC governmental funds was \$103,928 and \$121,027 for fiscal years 2004 and 2003 respectively, as reported under the modified accrual basis of accounting. The fund balance includes reserved and unreserved funds. Of the fund balance, an amount of \$51,490 is reserved for encumbrances for fiscal 2004 and \$61,340 for fiscal 2003. A reserve of \$31,072 and \$35,601 for fiscal 2004 and 2003, respectively, is to be used for purposes specific to the special revenue funds. An amount of \$17,233 of the fund balance for 2004 and \$22,133 for 2003 has been reserved for specific Commission or other legal purposes. The remaining balance of \$4,133 for 2004 and \$1,953 for 2003 represents unreserved funds available for appropriation at the government's discretion.

The following table illustrates the revenues and expenditures for the past two fiscal years. Refer to page 21 for a reconciliation between the governmental funds to the Statement of Activities.

	Gover	nmental Fu	nds (\$00	0)		
		2004		2003		2002
Revenues:						
Sales taxes	\$	9,088	\$	8.903	\$	9,327
Grants- Federal	Ψ	30,979	Ψ	28,129	Ψ	24,334
Grants- State and other agencies		52,251		83,381		77,881
Invesment income		1,090		1,764		4,374
Total revenues		93,408		122,177		115,916
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government		44,958		48,211		45,502
Allocations to other agencies		91,681		112,648		100,528
Capital outlay		166		56		209
Total expenditures		136,805		160,915		146,239
Transfers in		26,298		27,250		27,013
Net change in fund balance		(17,099)		(11,488)		(3,310)
Fund balance - beginning		121,027		132,515		135,825
Fund balance - ending	\$	103,928	\$	121,027	\$	132,515

MTC's sales tax revenue increased after two declining years, with fiscal 2001 being at a record high. The increase for fiscal 2004 was \$185 or 2.1 percent whereas fiscal 2003 had a decrease of \$424 or 4.5 percent. The decrease in state and other agencies revenue was \$31,130 or 37.3 percent for fiscal 2004. There was an increase in fiscal 2003 of \$5,500 or 7.1 percent. The forty million dollar Express Bus Program had revenue of \$3,980 in fiscal 2004 and revenue of \$34,952 for fiscal 2003.

Total expenditures decreased in fiscal 2004 by \$24,110 or 15.0 percent and increased in fiscal 2003 by \$14,676 or 10.0 percent. Allocations to other agencies decreased in 2004 by \$20,967 which was due primarily to two programs. First, allocations to other agencies decreased in fiscal 2004 by \$30,972 for the Express Bus Program. Second, the AB664 fund had an increase in allocations to other agencies of \$13,271.

Unreserved fund balances covered the deficits for fiscal years 2004 and 2003.

H. General Fund

The final fiscal year 2004 general fund revenue budget for MTC for the year was \$69,755, an increase of \$31,899 over the original budget adopted on July 1, 2003.

The following provides a condensed view of the final budgeted results compared to actual results for the year ended June 30, 2004.

	Ad	opted Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
Revenues	\$	37,866 \$	69,755 \$	48,756 \$	20,999
Expenditures		40,305	79,840	54,926	24,914
Excess/(Deficiency)		(2,439)	(10,085)	(6,170)	(3,915)
Transfer in		1,673	6,009	3,401	2,608
Net change in fund balance		(766)	(4,076)	(2,769)	(1,307)
Fund balance - beginning		27,212	27,212	27,212	-
Fund balance - ending	\$	26,446 \$	23,136 \$	24,443 \$	(1,307)

The principal reason for the increase in the final budget from the adopted budget was due to a carryover of prior year funding.

The expenditures in the final budget increased over the adopted budget due to prior year encumbrances being brought forward.

MTC's federal and state funding sources are on a reimbursement basis so it is not unusual for revenue to lag behind the budget. Expenditures were also well below budget, with a net deficit of \$2,769 after transfers.

The general fund's fund balance decreased by \$2,769 at June 30, 2004 due to an increase in general government expenditures.

I. Fiduciary Funds

The following table illustrates the results of the fiduciary funds for the past three fiscal years.

				Fiduciary l	Funds (\$000)		
		TI	OA Fund		AI	31107 Fund	
	 2004		2003	2002	2004	2003	2002
Additions:							
Local Transportation Fund	\$ 259,643	\$	254,381	\$ 266,473 \$	- \$	- \$	-
AB1107 Fees	-		-	-	56,937	55,819	57,601
Investment Income	1,326		1,908	3,763	126	121	755
Total Revenues	260,969		256,289	270,236	57,063	55,940	58,356
Deductions:							
Allocations	247,706		231,734	325,552	57,053	64,820	61,957
Administrative Expenses	9,889		9,712	10,185	-	-	-
Total Expenditures	257,595		241,446	335,737	57,053	64,820	61,957
Net of Additions over (under)							
Deductions	\$ 3,374	\$	14,843	\$ (65,501) \$	10 \$	(8,880) \$	(3,601)

The sales tax revenue increased by a \$5,262 or 2.1 percent increase in fiscal 2004 year as compared with \$12,092 or 4.5 percent decrease for the fiscal 2003 year. The region's sales tax revenue increased after two years of decline following the record sales tax revenue in 2001. The increase in allocations expense for fiscal 2004 by \$15,972 or 6.9 percent is attributable to an increase in the sales tax revenue and some of the reserves being used for five of the nine counties as shown on Schedule 17 of this report. Sales tax revenue for the AB1107 fund increased by a \$1,118 or 2.0 percent in fiscal 2004 compared to a decrease of \$1,782 or 3.1 percent from fiscal 2003.

J. Capital Asset Administration

MTC's investment in capital assets for all funds, governmental and proprietary is \$4,686 for fiscal 2004 and \$5,283 for fiscal 2003 as reported under the accrual basis of accounting. This investment in capital assets includes furniture and equipment, as well as improvements to the SAFE Callbox system. Total purchases for fiscal 2004 were \$181 as compared to \$1,393 for fiscal 2003. There were \$1,337 of callboxes purchased in fiscal 2003 for the San Mateo-Hayward Bridge after completion of the bridge widening project. Assets relating to the seven state-owned bridges administered by BATA are recorded with Caltrans.

Additional information on the MTC's capital assets is disclosed in note 4 on pages 50-51 of this report.

K. Long-Term Debt Administration

The only long-term debt issued by MTC is \$700 million (actual dollars)in bridge toll revenue bonds issued by BATA as part of its \$2.1 billion (actual dollars) RM-1 bridge construction and rehabilitation program. The following is a summary of the debt and interest rate swap transactions in place at June 30, 2004. All values are in actual dollars:

In January 2001, BATA completed the first \$400 million phase of a planned \$1 billion dollar construction funding program. The 2001 financing consisted of \$300 million variable rate debt with \$100 million in fixed rate debt. The floating rate bonds have a final maturity of 2036 and the fixed rate bonds have a final maturity of 2018.

In May 2001, BATA completed a \$300 million, 35 year, floating-to-fixed rate swap with three counterparties: AMBAC-FS LLP – \$150 million, CitiCorp and Morgan Stanley – \$75 million each. BATA pays a fixed rate (ranging from 4.09% to 4.12%) and receives the actual variable rate payment for years 1 through 4 and a rate based on 65% of LIBOR in years five through 2036, the remaining term of the original financing. The AMBAC-FS LLP transaction is insured as to BATA and AMBAC-FS LLP (counter-party) default by a policy underwritten by AMBAC-Assurance Corporation.

In May 2002, BATA also completed a contract with AMBAC Financial Services to swap a future \$200 million floating rate issue to a synthetic fixed rate. The \$200 million in variable rate demand obligation bonds (VRDO) was subsequently issued in March 2003. BATA will pay a fixed payment of 4.14% and receive a floating rate payment based on 65% of the weekly LIBOR index. The transaction is insured against default, for BATA and the counter-party, by AMBAC Assurance Corporation.

BATA maintains long and short-term ratings from Standard & Poor's, Fitch Ratings, as well as Moody's Investors Services. At June 30, 2004, the long term ratings are:

Standard & Poor's AA/A1
Moody's Aa3
Fitch AA/F1+

In addition, both the 2001 and 2003 variable rate demand bonds carry the AAA /Aaa /AAA ratings of Standard & Poor's, Moody's and Fitch respectively by virtue of the insurance policy written by AMBAC Assurance.

Additional information on MTC's long-term debt can be found in note 5 on pages 52-58 of this report.

L. Economic Factors Impacting MTC

A general economic slowdown, which began in fiscal year 2001 continues to impact the Bay Area and transportation capacity. General factors include:

- The Bay Area job market continues to suffer from the high-tech bust, with a more solid job market in Sacramento and parts of Southern California.
- There was a slight increase in sales tax revenue. Region-wide revenue increased after two straight declining years. Sales tax revenue for fiscal 2004 increased in seven of the nine counties, and two of the other counties had relatively minor decreases from fiscal 2003.
- While federal funding has not decreased with the economic slowdown, MTC faces reauthorization of TEA 21 (renamed SAFETEA), which should increase the federal funding to MTC. This reauthorization bill has been postponed until fall 2004.
- Interest rates remained at low levels drastically reducing any potential investment earnings as a revenue source.

While these factors are critical to the region-wide transportation planning and funding which is MTC's principal task, these factors are not expected to significantly impact MTC operations nor the operations of SAFE or BATA.

Requests for information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Metropolitan Transportation Commission's financial position for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Chief Financial Officer, Metropolitan Transportation Commission, 101 8th Street, Oakland, Ca 94607.

Metropolitan Transportation Commission Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2004

	F	rimary Governme	nt
	Governmental	Business-type	
	<u>Activities</u>	Activities	<u>Total</u>
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents - unrestricted	\$ 94,246,939	\$ 235,335,220	\$ 329,582,159
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	1,126,154	-	1,126,154
Investments - unrestricted	10,128,859	212,998,032	223,126,891
Investments - restricted	-	175,000,000	175,000,000
Receivables:			
Accounts and tolls due	17,934	8,581,367	8,599,301
Interest	82,798	4,107,673	4,190,471
State funding	3,399,493	2,209,916	5,609,409
Federal funding	8,454,523	-	8,454,523
Maintenance funding	-	3,966,913	3,966,913
Indirect cost recovery	1,293,297	-	1,293,297
Prepaid items	465,821	394,946	860,767
Bond issuance costs	-	7,665,109	7,665,109
Loan to other agencies	47,810,000	4,400,000	52,210,000
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	2,945,486	1,740,928	4,686,414
Total assets	169,971,304	656,400,104	826,371,408
Liabilities			
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	12,035,980	2,069,258	14,105,238
Accrued liabilities	2,330,613	3,994,104	6,324,717
Due to / (from) other funds	(145,915)	145,915	-
Due to Caltrans	1,067,543	92,542,967	93,610,510
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Long-term capital leases:			
Due within one year	21,463	-	21,463
Due in more than one year	14,982	-	14,982
Long-term debt, net	<u> </u>	701,160,994	701,160,994
Total liabilities	15,324,666	799,913,238	815,237,904
Net Assets / (Deficit)			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	2,945,486	1,885,998	4,831,484
Restricted for:	2,743,400	1,005,770	7,031,404
Capital projects	51,489,473		51,489,473
Other purposes	65,042,525	175,000,000	240,042,525
Unrestricted	35,169,154	(320,399,132)	(285,229,978)
Omesticieu	33,109,134	(320,399,132)	(203,229,978)
Total net assets / (deficit)	\$ 154,646,638	\$(143,513,134)	\$ 11,133,504

Metropolitan Transportation Commission Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2003

	I	Primary Governme	nt
	Governmental	Business-type	
	<u>Activities</u>	Activities	<u>Total</u>
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents - unrestricted	\$ 96,454,953	\$ 390,384,373	\$ 486,839,326
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	5,187,787	-	5,187,787
Investments - unrestricted	15,128,313	343,065,198	358,193,511
Investments - restricted	· · · · -	130,000,000	130,000,000
Receivables:			
Accounts and tolls due	387,647	3,727,415	4,115,062
Interest	116,846	6,675,929	6,792,775
State funding	19,673,235	8,109,760	27,782,995
Federal funding	7,437,686	1,346,090	8,783,776
Maintenance funding	-	17,776,724	17,776,724
Indirect cost recovery	1,702,560	-	1,702,560
Prepaid items	508,682	490,347	999,029
Bond issuance costs	-	7,924,365	7,924,365
Loan to other agencies	39,935,000	2,002,933	41,937,933
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	3,145,598	2,137,004	5,282,602
Total assets	189,678,307	913,640,138	1,103,318,445
Liabilities			
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	19,853,439	1,408,241	21,261,680
Accrued liabilities	5,671,046	3,125,914	8,796,960
Due to/(from) other funds	46,356	(46,356)	-
Due to Caltrans	-	35,560,472	35,560,472
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Long-term capital leases:			
Due within one year	24,476	-	24,476
Due in more than one year	30,521	-	30,521
Long-term debt, net		701,244,921	701,244,921
Total liabilities	25,625,838	741,293,192	766,919,030
Net Assets			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	3,145,598	2,137,004	5,282,602
Restricted for:	3,143,390	2,137,004	3,202,002
Capital projects	61,339,974		61,339,974
Other purposes	62,068,118	130,000,000	192,068,118
Unrestricted	37,498,779	40,209,942	77,708,721
Omesticed	31,70,119	70,207,342	//,/00,/21
Total net assets	\$ 164,052,469	\$ 172,346,946	\$ 336,399,415

Metropolitan Transportation Commission Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

	Expenses		Primary]	Primary Revenues		Net (Net (Expense) Revenue and	e and
						CI	Changes in Net Assets Primary Government	ets
		Charges for	Operating Grants and	Capital Grants and	Total Program	Governmental	Business-type	Total
Functions								T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T
Governmental Activities: General government	\$ 47,237,837		\$ 46,497,074	<i>S</i>	\$ 46,497,074	\$ (740,763)	∞	\$ (740,763)
Transportation	81,873,193	İ	3,476,702	42,343,900	45,820,602	(36,052,591)	1	(36,052,591)
Total governmental activities	129,111,030	•	49,973,776	42,343,900	92,317,676	(36,793,354)	•	(36,793,354)
Business-type Activities: Toll bridge activities	451,929,596	147,097,872	478,047	1	147,575,919	ı	(304,353,677)	(304,353,677)
Congestion relief	10,869,417	5,839,026	6,239,872		12,078,898		1,209,481	1,209,481
Total business-type activities	462,799,013	152,936,898	6,717,919		159,654,817	1	(303,144,196)	(303,144,196)
Total primary government	\$ 591,910,043	\$ 152,936,898	\$152,936,898 \$ 56,691,695 \$ 42,343,900 \$ 251,972,493	\$ 42,343,900	\$ 251,972,493	(36,793,354)	(303,144,196)	(339,937,550)
	General revenues:	.s:						
	Unrestricted i	Unrestricted investment earnings	S			1,089,784	11,184,788	12,274,572
	Contributed Capital	apital				1 1	2,397,067	2,397,067
	Transfers					26,297,739	(26,297,739)	
	Total general	Fotal general revenues and transfers	sfers			27,387,523	(12,715,884)	14,671,639
	Change in net assets	ıssets				(9,405,831)	(315,860,080)	(325,265,911)
	Net assets - beginning	inning				164,052,469	172,346,946	336,399,415
	Net assets - ending	ing				\$ 154,646,638	\$(143,513,134) \$ 11,133,504	\$ 11,133,504

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Metropolitan Transportation Commission Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2003

	Expenses		Primary Revenues	Revenues		Net (I	Net (Expense) Revenue and	ie and
						Ch Pr	Changes in Net Assets Primary Government	ets
		Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Total Program Revenues	Governmental Activities	Governmental Business-type Activities Activities	Total
Functions								
Governmental Activities: General government	\$ 48,570,719	50	\$ 43,404,229	⇔	\$ 43,404,229	\$ (5,166,490)	٠	\$ (5.166,490)
Transportation	105,152,624		4,664,094	72,344,529	77,008,623	(28,144,001)	1	(28,144,001)
Total governmental activities	153,723,343	,	48,068,323	72,344,529	120,412,852	(33,310,491)	•	(33,310,491)
Business-type Activities: Toll bridge activities Congestion relief	390,063,272	146,105,106	305,004	1 1	146,410,110	, ,	(243,653,162)	(243,653,162) (243,653,162) 2.202.375 2.202.375
Total business-type activities	400,438,859	151,914,404	7,073,668		158,988,072		(241,450,787)	(241,450,787) (241,450,787)
Total primary government	\$554,162,202	\$ 151,914,404 \$ 55,141,991 \$ 72,344,529 \$279,400,924	\$ 55,141,991	\$ 72,344,529	\$279,400,924	(33,310,491)	(33,310,491) (241,450,787) (274,761,278)	(274,761,278)
	General revenues: Unrestricted inv Transfers	neral revenues: Unrestricted investment earnings ansfers	Sa			1,764,255 27,250,287	25,793,353 (27,250,287)	27,557,608
	Total general	Total general revenues and transfers	ısfers			29,014,542	(1,456,934)	27,557,608
	Change in net assets	assets				(4,295,949)	(4,295,949) (242,907,721)	(247,203,670)
	Net assets - beginning	ginning				168,348,418	415,254,667	583,603,085
	Net assets - ending	ling				\$164,052,469	\$172,346,946	\$336,399,415

Metropolitan Transportation Commission Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds June 30, 2004

		MTC <u>General</u>	Transit Ra Reserve	Rail Extension Reserve	AB 664 Net Toll Revenue <u>Reserve</u>	Exchange	STA	Feeder Bus	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Assets Cash and cash equivalents - unrestricted Cash and cash equivalents - restricted Investments	€	19,518,183 \$ 1,126,154 176,859	2,357,111 \$	4,673,670 \$	28,417,487 \$	12,676,039 \$	26,582,920 \$	21,529 \$	94,246,939 1,126,154 10,128,859
Receivables: Accounts Interest State Funding Federal Funding		17,934 633 3,399,493 8,454,523		. 100	32,065		50,000		17,934 82,798 3,399,493 8,454,523
Indirect cost recovery Prepaid items Total asserts	4	1,293,297 465,821 34 452 897 \$	2 357 111 \$		38 401 557 \$				1,293,297 465,821
Liabilities and fund balances Liabilities Accounts Payable Accruals Due to other funds Total liabilities	€9	8,285,495 \$ 2,188,600 (463,700)	64,943 \$ - 10,243	200 (72,091)	4,543,202 \$ 51,408 (26,934)	74,959 \$ - 361,491	134,924 \$ 90,405 45,096		13,103,523 2,330,613 (145,915)
Fund balances Reserved for Encumbrances Other Unreserved, reported in General fund Special revenue funds		3,076,847 17,232,525 4,133,130	2,143,967	1,284,194	32,240,097	7,932,966	4,811,402	21,529	51,489,473 17,232,525 4,133,130 31,072,469
Total fund balances Total liabilities and fund balances	€	24,442,502 34,452,897 \$	2,281,925 2,357,111 \$	4,745,661 4,673,770 \$	33,833,896 38,401,552 \$	12,239,589 12,676,039 \$	26,362,495 26,632,920 \$	21,529	103,927,597
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds Capital leases are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds Net assets of governmental activities	ties in t vities a the cu to pay	the statement of net ure not financial res urrent period and th for current-period	t assets are differen ources and, thereft berefore are not rep expenditures and, t	tt because: rre, are not reportec orted in the funds therefore, are defer	in the funds red in the funds			∞	2,945,486 (36,445) 47,810,000 154,646,638

Metropolitan Transportation Commission Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2003

	~ ŭ	MTC General	Transit <u>Reserve</u>	Rail Extension <u>Reserve</u>	AB 664 Net Toll Revenue <u>Reserve</u>	Exchange	STA	Feeder Bus	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Assets Cash and cash equivalents - unrestricted Cash and cash equivalents - restricted Investments	&	25,545,901 \$ 5,187,787 147,313	3,116,633 \$	5,516,897 \$	30,944,885	\$ 13,415,331 \$ -	17,839,836	\$ 75,470 \$	96,454,953 5,187,787 15,128,313
Receivables: Accounts Interest State Funding		31,020 30,000 2,564,690		5,414	29,432	1 1 1	52,000	356,627	387,647 116,846 19,673,235
Federal Funding Indirect cost recovery Prepaid items		2,737,636 7,437,686 1,702,560 508,682	1 1 1	1 1 1	1 1 1	1 1 1	50		7,437,686 1,702,560 508,682
Total assets		43,155,639 \$	3,116,633 \$	5,522,311 \$	45,955,317	\$ 13,415,331 \$	35,000,381 \$	432,097 \$	146,597,709
Liabilities and fund balances Liabilities Accounts Payable Accruals Due to other funds Other	€	8,843,139 \$ 2,129,138 (240,626) 5,211,837	169,121 \$ - 5,949	- \$ 126 (85,098)	509,945 959 (113,414)	\$ 110,485 \$ - 37,532	5,008,912 3,540,823 442,013		14,641,602 5,671,046 46,356 5,211,837
Total liabilities	1	15,943,488	175,070	(84,972)	397,490	148,017	8,991,748	•	25,570,841
Fund balances Reserved for Encumbrances Other	. 2	3,126,010 22,133,118	2,476,513	2,276,406	35,731,467	7,577,393	9,867,673	284,512	61,339,974 22,133,118
General fund Special revenue funds		1,953,023	465,050	3,330,877	9,826,360	5,689,921	16,140,960	147,585	1,953,023 35,600,753
Total liabilities and fund balances		27,212,151 43,155,639 \$	2,941,563 3,116,633 \$	5,607,283	45,557,827	13,267,314 \$ 13,415,331 \$	26,008,633	432,097	121,026,868
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	ities in the	statement of ne	t assets are differ	ent because:	4				

3,145,598 (54,997) 39,935,000

Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds

Net assets of governmental activities

Capital leases are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds

\$ 164,052,469

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2004 Metropolitan Transportation Commission

Sales taxes	2,849,504	100,901	1 1 1				
revenues 48,755,770 government 44,952,850 nns to other agencies 9,807,399	2,888,495	100,901	- 469,466	\$ - - - - 111,750	\$ - 38,363,796 - 214,226	\$ - - 2,500,000 3,056	\$ 9,087,510 30,979,398 45,820,602 6,430,166 1,089,784
government 44,952,850 nns to other agencies 9,807,399	ı		469,466	111,750	38,578,022	2,503,056	93,407,460
166,011	4,537,208	931 10,992,212 -	4,085 24,481,428	330,123	38,618,599	2,913,624	44,957,866 91,680,593 166,011
Total expenditures 54,926,260 4,537,	4,537,208	10,993,143	24,485,513	330,123	38,618,599	2,913,624	136,804,470
Excess / (deficiency) of revenues over / (under) (6,170,490) (1,648;	(1,648,713)	(10,892,242)	(24,016,047)	(218,373)	(40,577)	(410,568)	(43,397,010)
Other financing sources / uses 6,257,551 989,0 Transfers in (2,856,710)	-	10,030,620	12,292,116	. (809,352)	394,439		29,963,801 (3,666,062)
Total other financing sources and uses 3,400,841 989,0	989,075	10,030,620	12,292,116	(809,352)	394,439		26,297,739
Net change in fund balances (2,769,649) (659,	(659,638)	(861,622)	(11,723,931)	(1,027,725)	353,862	(410,568)	(17,099,271)
Fund balances - beginning 27,212,151 2,941;	2,941,563	5,607,283	45,557,827	13,267,314	26,008,633	432,097	121,026,868
Fund balances - ending \$ 24,442,502 \$ 2,281,9	2,281,925 \$	4,745,661 \$	33,833,896	\$ 12,239,589	\$ 26,362,495	\$ 21,529	\$ 103,927,597

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2003 Metropolitan Transportation Commission

	<u>General</u>	Transit <u>Reserve</u>	Rail Extension <u>Reserve</u>	AB664 Net Toll Revenue Reserve	Exchange	STA	Feeder Bus	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Revenues Sales taxes Grants - Federal Grants - State Project grants from local agencies Investment income	\$ 8,903,326 \$ 28,128,978 36,795,447 3,874,353 359,767	\$ - 2,821,000 - 29,471	s - - - 166,256	\$ - - - 621,240	s	\$ - 37,392,176 - 452,808	\$ - 2,497,571 25,956	\$ 8,903,326 28,128,978 77,008,623 6,371,924 1,764,255
Total revenues	78,061,871	2,850,471	166,256	621,240	108,757	37,844,984	2,523,527	122,177,106
Expenditures Current: General government Allocations to other agencies Capital outlay	48,206,145 39,946,631 55,795	4,814,154	1,033 10,584,209	4,435 11,210,000	457,823	43,491,600	2,143,206	48,211,613 112,647,623 55,795
Total expenditures	88,208,571	4,814,154	10,585,242	11,214,435	457,823	43,491,600	2,143,206	160,915,031
Excess / (deficiency) of revenues over / (under) expenditures	(10,146,700)	(1,963,683)	(10,418,986)	(10,593,195)	(349,066)	(5,646,616)	380,321	(38,737,925)
Other financing sources / uses Transfers in Transfers out	8,125,213	- 880,666	9,972,589	12,280,679	. (91,689)	(4,035,593)	1 1	31,377,569 (4,127,282)
Total other financing sources and uses	8,125,213	980,666	9,972,589	12,280,679	(61,689)	(4,035,593)		27,250,287
Net change in fund balances	(2,021,487)	(964,595)	(446,397)	1,687,484	(440,755)	(9,682,209)	380,321	(11,487,638)
Fund balances - beginning	29,233,638	3,906,158	6,053,680	43,870,343	13,708,069	35,690,842	51,776	132,514,506
Fund balances - ending	\$ 27,212,151 \$, 2,941,563	\$ 5,607,283	\$ 45,557,827	\$ 13,267,314	\$ 26,008,633	\$ 432,097	\$ 121,026,868

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Metropolitan Transportation Commission For the Years Ended June 30, 2004 and 2003

\$ (17,099,271) \$ (11,487,638) (317,193)(3,060)(4,295,949)16,942 7,495,000 2003 (9,405,831) \$ (200,112)18,552 7,875,000 2004 capitalized as a long-term asset in the statement of net assets. These amounts represents fiscal 2004 and 2003 loan The loan receivable from another agency is not recorded as a long-term asset in the governmental funds. Additional the sale of the capital asset is reported in the statement of activities. Therefore, the change in net assets differs Principal repayment on capital leases in an expenditure in the governmental funds, however the principal element Proceeds from the sale of capital assets provide financial resources to governmental funds while only the gain on of the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. This amount is the effect of the loan advances forwarded to the agency during the fiscal year are expensed in the governmental fund but are Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the depreciation expense exceeded non capital lease capital outlays in the current period Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (per Statement of Revenues, Expenditure and Change in net assets of governmental activities (per Statement of Activities) from the change in fund balance by the cost of the capital asset sold. differing treatment of capital lease principal repayment. Changes in Fund Balances) advances, respectively.

Metropolitan Transportation Commission Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

Original \$ 9,185,279 \$ 19,900,536 \$ 3,409,606 \$ 2,976,228 \$ 600,000 \$ 1,794,450 \$ 37,866,099	Final Ac 9,185,279 \$ 45,905,775	Actual Amounts	Final Budget Positive
Original 9,185,279 19,900,536 3,409,606 2,976,228 600,000 1,794,450 37,866,099	85,279 \$ 05,775	ctual Amounts	
9,185,279 19,900,536 3,409,606 2,976,228 600,000 1,794,450 37,866,099			(Negative)
9,185,279 19,900,536 3,409,606 2,976,228 600,000 1,794,450 37,866,099			
19,900,536 3,409,606 2,976,228 600,000 1,794,450 37,866,099	45,905,775	9,087,510 \$	(697,769)
3,409,606 2,976,228 600,000 1,794,450 37,866,099	`	30,979,398	(14,926,377)
2,976,228 600,000 1,794,450 37,866,099	8,151,297	4,607,302	(3,543,995)
600,000 1,794,450 37,866,099	3,627,467	3,930,166	302,699
1,794,450	600,000	151,394	(448,606)
37,866,099	2,284,542	ı	(2,284,542)
	69,754,360	48,755,770	(20,998,590)
34,100,525	69,262,588	44,952,850	24,309,738
5,679,434	9,952,452	9,807,399	145,053
525,000	625,000	166,011	458,989
40,304,959	79,840,040	54,926,260	24,913,780
(2,438,860)	(10,085,680)	(6,170,490)	3,915,190
1,672,597	6,009,492	3,400,841	(2,608,651)
(766,263)	(4,076,188)	(2,769,649)	1,306,539
27,212,151	27,212,151	27,212,151	,
\$ 26,445,888 \$	23,135,963 \$	24,442,502	1,306,539
(2,43) 1,67/ (76) 27,21; \$ 26,44:		(10,085,680) 6,009,492 (4,076,188) 27,212,151 \$ 23,135,963	(10,085,680) 6,009,492 (4,076,188) 27,212,151 \$ 23,135,963 \$

Metropolitan Transportation Commission Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Transit Reserve Fund For the year ended June 30, 2004

	Budgeted Amounts	ounts		Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
í	Original	1 11141	STIMOURS	(ivganve)
Kevenues Project grants from state and local agencies Investment income	\$ 2,849,503 \$	2,849,503 \$	2,849,504 38,991	\$ 1
Total revenues	2,849,503	2,849,503	2,888,495	38,992
Expenditures Current: Allocations to other agencies	3,848,821	6,434,955	4,537,208	1,897,747
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(999,318)	(3,585,452)	(1,648,713)	1,936,739
Other financing sources Transfers in	999,318	999,318	989,075	(10,243)
Net change in fund balances	ı	(2,586,134)	(659,638)	1,926,496
Fund balances - beginning	2,941,563	2,941,563	2,941,563	ı
Fund balances - ending	\$ 2,941,563 \$	355,429 \$	2,281,925	\$ 1,926,496

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Rail Extension Reserve Fund For the year ended June 30, 2004 **Metropolitan Transportation Commission**

		Budgeted Amounts	nounts		Variance with Final Budget
			1	Actual	Positive
	-'	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues Investment income	€9			100,901	100,901
Total revenues			ı	100,901	100,901
Expenditures Current:					
General Government		Ī	ı	931	(931)
Allocations to other agencies		9,958,529	12,234,935	10,992,212	1,242,723
Total expenditures		9,958,529	12,234,935	10,993,143	1,241,792
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(9,958,529)	(12,234,935)	(10,892,242)	1,342,693
Other financing sources Transfers in		9,958,529	9,958,529	10,030,620	72,091
Net change in fund balances			(2,276,406)	(861,622)	1,414,784
Fund balances - beginning		5,607,283	5,607,283	5,607,283	•
Fund balances - ending	8	5,607,283 \$	3,330,877 \$	4,745,661 \$	1,414,784

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – AB664 Net Toll Revenue Reserve Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2004 **Metropolitan Transportation Commission**

		Budgeted Amounts	onnts		Variance with Final Budget
		<u>Original</u>	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)
Revenues Investment income	↔	\$	1	\$ 469,466 \$	\$ 469,466
Total Revenues		1	ı	469,466	469,466
Expenditures Current:					
General governement		ı	1	4,085	(4,085)
Allocations to other agencies		12,265,162	47,996,629	24,481,428	23,515,201
Total expenditures		12,265,162	47,996,629	24,485,513	23,511,116
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(12,265,162)	(47,996,629)	(24,016,047)	23,980,582
Other financing sources Transfers in		12,265,162	12,265,162	12,292,116	26,954
Net change in fund balances		1	(35,731,467)	(11,723,931)	24,007,536
Fund balances - beginning		45,557,827	45,557,827	45,557,827	'
Fund balances - ending	89	45,557,827 \$	9,826,360	\$ 33,833,896 \$	\$ 24,007,536

Metropolitan Transportation Commission Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Exchange Fund For the year ended June 30, 2004

		Budgeted Amounts	mounts		Final Budget
		Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)
Revenues Investment income	↔	\$		111,750 \$	\$ 111,750
Total revenues		1	•	111,750	111,750
Expenditures Current: Allocations to other agencies	↔	'	8,777,393	330,123	8,447,270
Excess / (deficiency) of revenues over / (under) expenditures			(8,777,393)	(218,373)	8,559,020
Other financing sources / (uses) Transfers (out) / in		1		(809,352)	(809,352)
Net change in fund balances			(8,777,393)	(1,027,725)	7,749,668
Fund balances - beginning		13,267,314	13,267,314	13,267,314	1
Fund balances - ending	8	13,267,314 \$	4,489,921 \$	12,239,589 \$	3 7,749,668

Metropolitan Transportation Commission Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – STA Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

		Budgeted Amounts	mounts		Variance with Final Budget
		Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)
Revenues Project grants from state and local agencies Investment income	€9	37,952,812	\$ 38,363,793 148,362	\$ 38,363,796 214,226	\$ 3
Total revenues		37,952,812	38,512,155	38,578,022	65,867
Expenditures Current: Allocations to other agencies		56,345,038	63,006,616	38,618,599	24,388,017
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(18,392,226)	(24,494,461)	(40,577)	24,453,884
Other financing sources / (uses) Transfers (out) / in		ı	ı	394,439	394,439
Net change in fund balances		(18,392,226)	(24,494,461)	353,862	24,848,323
Fund balances - beginning		26,008,633	26,008,633	26,008,633	
Fund balances - ending	S	7,616,407 \$	\$ 1,514,172 \$	26,362,495	\$ 24,848,323

Metropolitan Transportation Commission Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Feeder Bus Fund For the year ended June 30, 2004

		Budgeted Amounts	mounts		Variance with Final Budget
		Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)
Revenues Project grants from state and local agencies Investment income	\$	2,500,000 \$ 26,321	2,500,000	\$ 2,500,000 \$ 3,056	\$ - (23,265)
Total revenues		2,526,321	2,526,321	2,503,056	(23,265)
Expenditures Current: Allocations to other agencies		2,526,321	2,526,321	2,913,624	(387,303)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		ı	,	(410,568)	(410,568)
Other financing sources / (uses) Transfers (out) / in		1	'	,	,
Net change in fund balances		•	ı	(410,568)	(410,568)
Fund balances - beginning		432,097	432,097	432,097	1
Fund balances - ending	8	432,097 \$	432,097 \$	\$ 21,529 \$	\$ (410,568)

Metropolitan Transportation Commission Statement of Net Assets – Proprietary Funds June 30, 2004

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds			
Annata	Bay Area Toll Authority	Service Authority for Freeways and <u>Expressways</u>	<u>Total</u>	
Assets Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents Short-term investments Accrued interest Prepaid expenses Caltrans funding due Tolls due from Caltrans	\$ 225,427,633 89,826,820 4,076,227 86,773 - 8,103,320	\$ 9,907,587 13,238,921 31,446 194,550 2,209,916	\$ 235,335,220 103,065,741 4,107,673 281,323 2,209,916 8,103,320	
Funding due from local agency Maintenance funding due from Caltrans Prepayments to the Architectural Revolving Fund Other receivables due from Caltrans	478,047 3,966,913 113,623 4,400,000	- - -	478,047 3,966,913 113,623 4,400,000	
Total current assets		25 592 420		
Non-current assets: Capital assets: Furniture and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation Callboxes, net of accumulated depreciation	7,670	25,582,420 51,876 1,681,382	59,546 1,681,382	
Capital assets, net	7,670	1,733,258	1,740,928	
Non-current assets:				
Investments Bond issuance costs	109,932,291 7,665,109	- -	109,932,291 7,665,109	
Total non-current assets	117,597,400	-	117,597,400	
Restricted non-current assets: Investments	175,000,000	-	175,000,000	
Total non-current assets	292,605,070	1,733,258	294,338,328	
Total assets	629,084,426	27,315,678	656,400,104	
Liabilities Current liabilities: Payable from unrestricted assets Accounts payable Accrued expenses Accrued interest payable Retentions payable Due to / (from) MTC Due to Caltrans	1,104,901 1,027,115 2,934,483 59,624 571,892 92,542,967	893,624 32,506 - 11,109 (425,977)	1,998,525 1,059,621 2,934,483 70,733 145,915 92,542,967	
Total current liabilities payable from unrestricted assets	98,240,982	511,262	98,752,244	
Non-current liabilities: Long-term debt, net	701,160,994	-	701,160,994	
Total liabilities	799,401,976	511,262	799,913,238	
Net assets / (deficit) Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted net assets Unrestricted net assets	7,670 175,000,000 (345,325,220)		1,885,998 175,000,000 (320,399,132)	
Total net assets / (deficit)	\$(170,317,550)	\$ 26,804,416	\$ (143,513,134)	

Metropolitan Transportation Commission Statement of Net Assets – Proprietary Funds June 30, 2003

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds			
	Bay Area Toll Authority	Service Authority for Freeways and Expressways	Total	
Assets				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 384,728,455	\$ 5,655,918 \$	390,384,373	
Short-term investments	149,838,096	10,256,002	160,094,098	
Accrued interest	6,645,492	30,437	6,675,929	
Prepaid expenses	111,360	186,477	297,837	
Federal funding due	-	1,346,090	1,346,090	
Caltrans funding due	-	7,935,784	7,935,784	
Tolls due from Caltrans	3,727,415	-	3,727,415	
Maintenance funding due from Caltrans	17,776,724	-	17,776,724	
Prepayments to the Architectural Revolving Fund	192,510	-	192,510	
Other receivables due from Caltrans	173,976	-	173,976	
Total current assets	563,194,028	25,410,708	588,604,736	
Non-current assets:				
Capital assets:				
Furniture and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation	2,037	89,447	91,484	
Callboxes, net of accumulated depreciation	-	2,045,520	2,045,520	
Capital assets, net	2,037	2,134,967	2,137,004	
Non-current assets:				
Investments	182,971,100	_	182,971,100	
Receivable due from Caltrans	2,002,933	- -	2,002,933	
Bond issuance costs	7,924,365	-	7,924,365	
Total non-current assets	192,898,398	<u> </u>	192,898,398	
Restricted non-current assets: Investments	130,000,000	_	130,000,000	
Total non-current assets	322,900,435	2,134,967	325,035,402	
Total assets	886,094,463	27,545,675	913,640,138	
Liabilities				
Current liabilities:				
Payable from unrestricted assets				
Accounts payable	207,783	1,128,455	1,336,238	
Accrued expenses	66,800	190,358	257,158	
Accrued interest payable	2,868,756	170,336	2,868,756	
Retentions payable	59,624	12,379	72,003	
Due to / (from) MTC	220,820	(267,176)	(46,356)	
Due to 7 (Holl) WTC	35,560,472	(207,170)	35,560,472	
Total current liabilities payable from unrestricted assets	38,984,255	1,064,016	40,048,271	
• •	20,701,233	1,001,010	.0,010,271	
Non-current liabilities: Long-term debt, net	701,244,921	-	701,244,921	
Total liabilities	740,229,176	1,064,016	741,293,192	
Net assets				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	2,037	2,134,967	2,137,004	
Restricted net assets		2,134,907		
Unrestricted net assets	130,000,000 15,863,250	- 24 346 602	130,000,000 40,209,942	
Total net assets	\$ 145,865,287	24,346,692 \$ 26,481,659 \$	172,346,946	
1 Oldi fict assets	ψ 175,005,407	Ψ 20,701,039 \$	114,570,770	

Metropolitan Transportation Commission Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Assets – Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds					se Funds
				vice Authority		
		Bay Area	for	Freeways and		
	<u>T</u>	oll Authority	E	<u>xpressways</u>		<u>Total</u>
Operating revenues						
Toll revenues collected by Caltrans	\$	145,176,202	\$	-	\$	145,176,202
Department of Motor Vehicles registration fees		-		5,839,026		5,839,026
Other operating revenues		1,921,670		199,245		2,120,915
Total operating revenues		147,097,872		6,038,271		153,136,143
Operating expenses						
Operating expenses		44,456,244		-		44,456,244
Towing contracts		-		6,936,786		6,936,786
Professional fees		1,863,054		722,339		2,585,393
Salaries and benefits		1,101,243		685,695		1,786,938
Repairs and maintenance		-		952,485		952,485
Communications charges		437		451,918		452,355
Depreciation and amortization		177,274		409,529		586,803
Other operating expenses		430,092		710,665		1,140,757
Total operating expenses		48,028,344		10,869,417		58,897,761
Operating income / (loss)		99,069,528		(4,831,146)		94,238,382
Non-operating revenues / (expenses)						
Interest income		11,007,091		177,697		11,184,788
Interest expense		(26,663,420)		-		(26,663,420)
Caltrans/other agency operating grants		478,047		5,884,069		6,362,116
Federal operating grants		-		156,558		156,558
Total non-operating revenues / (expenses), net		(15,178,282)		6,218,324		(8,959,958)
Income before operating and capital transfers		83,891,246		1,387,178		85,278,424
Transfers						
Transfers to Metropolitan Transportation Commission		(25,163,318)		(1,134,421)		(26,297,739)
Net income before capital transfers		58,727,928		252,757		58,980,685
Distributions / Contributions						
Distributions to Caltrans		(373,331,113)		-		(373,331,113)
Distributions to other agencies		(3,906,719)		-		(3,906,719)
Contribution between programs		(70,000)		70,000		<u> </u>
Total distributions / contributions		(377,307,832)		70,000		(377,237,832)
Contributed capital		2,397,067		_		2,397,067
Change in net assets		(316,182,837)		322,757		(315,860,080)
Total net assets - beginning		145,865,287		26,481,659		172,346,946
Total net assets / (deficit) - ending	\$	(170,317,550)	\$	26,804,416	\$	(143,513,134)

Metropolitan Transportation Commission Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Assets – Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2003

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds					
		Bay Area		ce Authority reeways and		
	Ţ	Coll Authority		pressways		<u>Total</u>
Operating revenues						
Toll revenues collected by Caltrans	\$	144,199,876	\$	-	\$	144,199,876
Department of Motor Vehicles registration fees		-		5,809,298		5,809,298
Other operating revenues		1,905,230		19,172		1,924,402
Total operating revenues		146,105,106		5,828,470		151,933,576
Operating expenses						
Operating expenses		35,717,351		-		35,717,351
Towing contracts		-		6,821,624		6,821,624
Professional fees		2,641,139		1,277,236		3,918,375
Repairs and maintenance		791		1,232,486		1,233,277
Communications charges Depreciation and amortization		6,966		414,998		421,964
Other operating expenses		142,585 327,761		471,964 157,279		614,549 485,040
Total operating expenses		38,836,593		10,375,587		
	_					49,212,180
Operating income / (loss)		107,268,513		(4,547,117)		102,721,396
Non-operating revenues / (expenses)						
Interest income		25,530,797		262,556		25,793,353
Interest expense		(20,440,983)		-		(20,440,983)
Caltrans operating grants		305,004		5,638,413		5,943,417
Federal operating grants		-		1,111,079		1,111,079
Total non-operating revenues, net		5,394,818		7,012,048		12,406,866
Income before operating and capital transfers		112,663,331		2,464,931		115,128,262
Transfers						
Transfers to Metropolitan Transportation Commission		(24,891,991)		(2,358,296)		(27,250,287)
Net income before capital transfers		87,771,340		106,635		87,877,975
Distributions / Contributions						
Distributions to Caltrans		(329,518,305)		-		(329,518,305)
Distributions to other agencies		(1,267,391)		-		(1,267,391)
Contribution between programs		(1,337,278)		1,337,278		
Total distributions / contributions		(332,122,974)		1,337,278		(330,785,696)
Change in net assets		(244,351,634)		1,443,913		(242,907,721)
Total net assets - beginning		390,216,921		25,037,746		415,254,667
Total net assets - ending	\$	145,865,287	\$	26,481,659	\$	172,346,946

Metropolitan Transportation Commission Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds				
	D A	Service Authority for Freeways and			
	Bay Area Toll Authority	Expressways	<u>Total</u>		
Cash flows from operating activities					
Cash receipts from users	\$ 140,800,297	\$ 5,839,026	\$ 146,639,323		
Cash payments to suppliers for services	(58,514,978)	(11,020,715)	(69,535,693)		
Other receipts	15,905,457	199,245	16,104,702		
Net cash provided by / (used in) operating activities	98,190,776	(4,982,444)	93,208,332		
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities					
Caltrans operating grants	-	11,609,937	11,609,937		
Federal operating grants	-	1,502,648	1,502,648		
Distributions to Caltrans for capital expenses	(303,451,618)	-	(303,451,618)		
Distributions to Other Agencies	(3,906,719)	-	(3,906,719)		
Net cash (used in) / provided by non-capital	(205.250.225)	12 112 505	(204.245.552)		
financing activities	(307,358,337)	13,112,585	(294,245,752)		
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities					
Interest paid on bonds & capital leases	(26,597,693)	-	(26,597,693)		
Amounts charged against ARF	78,887	-	78,887		
Transfers to MTC	(25,163,318)	(1,134,421)	(26,297,739)		
Transfers to SAFE Expenditures for facilities, property and equipment	(70,000) (7,578)	70,000 (7,820)	(15,398)		
	(7,378)	(7,820)	(13,398)		
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(51.750.702)	(1.072.241)	(52.921.042)		
	(51,759,702)	(1,072,241)	(52,831,943)		
Cash flows from investing activities					
Proceeds from sale & maturities of investments	1,403,357,642	30,277,056	1,433,634,698		
Purchase of investments	(1,322,857,564)		(1,356,115,828)		
Interest and dividends received	21,126,363	174,977	21,301,340		
Net cash provided by / (used in) investing activities	101,626,441	(2,806,231)	98,820,210		
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(159,300,822)	4,251,669	(155,049,153)		
Balances - Beginning of year	384,728,455	5,655,918	390,384,373		
Balances - End of year	\$ 225,427,633	\$ 9,907,587	\$ 235,335,220		
Schedule of noncash activities Change in the fair value of investments			. (.		
that are not cash and cash equivalents	\$ (7,550,007)	\$ 1,711	\$ (7,548,296)		

Metropolitan Transportation Commission Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds, *continued* For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds						
		Bay Area oll Authority	for	rvice Authority Freeways and Expressways		<u>Total</u>	
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by / (used in) operating activities							
Operating income / (loss)	\$	99,069,528	\$	(4,831,146)	\$	94,238,382	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net							
cash provided by / (used in) operating activities:							
Depreciation and amortization		177,274		409,529		586,803	
Net effect of changes in:							
Tolls due from Caltrans		(4,375,905)		-		(4,375,905)	
Maintenance funding due from Caltrans		13,809,811		-		13,809,811	
Prepaid expenses and other assets		24,587		(8,073)		16,514	
Due to Caltrans		(12,897,000)		-		(12,897,000)	
Other receivables due from Caltrans		173,976		-		173,976	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		2,208,505		(552,754)		1,655,751	
Net cash provided by / (used in) operating activities	\$	98,190,776	\$	(4,982,444)	\$	93,208,332	

Metropolitan Transportation Commission Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2003

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds					
			vice Authority			
	Bay Area		Freeways and			
	Toll Authority	Ī	Expressways	<u>Total</u>		
Cash flows from operating activities						
Cash receipts from users	\$ 144,598,099	\$	5,809,298	\$ 150,407,397		
Cash payments to suppliers for services	(12,607,726)		(10,004,160)	(22,611,886)		
Other receipts	6,585,093		19,172	6,604,265		
Net cash provided by / (used in) operating activities	138,575,466		(4,175,690)	134,399,776		
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities						
Caltrans operating grants	305,004		5,787,585	6,092,589		
Federal operating grants	-		6,094	6,094		
Proceeds from issuance of revenue bonds	300,000,000		-	300,000,000		
Bond issuance cost	(3,528,727)		-	(3,528,727)		
Distributions to Caltrans for capital expenses	(329,518,305)		-	(329,518,305)		
Disbributions to Other Agencies	(1,267,391) -		(1,267,391)			
Net cash (used in) / provided by non-capital	,					
financing activities	(34,009,419)		5,793,679	(28,215,740)		
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities						
Interest paid on bonds & capital leases	(19,739,529)		-	(19,739,529)		
Amounts charged against ARF	26,744		-	26,744		
Transfers to MTC	(24,891,991)		(1,237,657)	(26,129,648)		
Transfers to SAFE	(1,337,278)		1,337,278	-		
Expenditures for facilities, property and equipment			(1,337,278)	(1,337,278)		
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(45,942,054)		(1,237,657)	(47 170 711)		
5	(43,942,034)		(1,237,037)	(47,179,711)		
Cash flows from investing activities						
Proceeds from sale & maturities of investments	2,285,664,707		30,239,894	2,315,904,601		
Purchase of investments	(2,265,956,208)		(33,519,496)	(2,299,475,704)		
Interest and dividends received	28,011,416		301,301	28,312,717		
Net cash provided by/ (used in) investing activities	47,719,915		(2,978,301)	44,741,614		
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	106,343,908		(2,597,969)	103,745,939		
Balances - Beginning of year	278,384,547		8,253,887	286,638,434		
Balances - End of year	\$ 384,728,455	\$	5,655,918	\$ 390,384,373		
Schedule of noncash activities						
Change in the fair value of investments						
that are not cash and cash equivalents	\$ 278,685	\$	-	\$ 278,685		

Metropolitan Transportation Commission Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds, *continued* For the Year Ended June 30, 2003

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds					
	Bay Area for F		3		<u>Total</u>	
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by / (used in) operating activities						
Operating income / (loss)	\$	107,268,513	\$	(4,547,117) \$	102,721,396	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net						
cash provided by / (used in) operating activities:						
Depreciation and amortization		142,585		471,964	614,549	
Net effect of changes in:						
Tolls due from Caltrans		398,223		-	398,223	
Maintenance funding due from Caltrans		4,250,756		-	4,250,756	
Prepaid expenses and other assets		(15,188)		5,274	(9,914)	
Due to Caltrans		26,753,638		-	26,753,638	
Other receivables due from Caltrans		429,107		-	429,107	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		(652,168)		(105,811)	(757,979)	
Net cash provided by / (used in) operating activities	\$	138,575,466	\$	(4,175,690) \$	134,399,776	

Metropolitan Transportation Commission Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets – Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2004 and 2003

	2004 Fidiciary <u>Funds</u>	2003 Fidiciary <u>Funds</u>
Assets		
Restricted assets held by participating counties	\$ 75,379,130	\$ 73,136,486
Restricted assets held by State Board of Equalization	-	4,983,274
Due from State of California	-	282,631
Interest receivable	 108,410	
Total Assets	\$ 75,487,540	\$ 78,402,391
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 2,028,205	\$ 9,146,500
Accrued expenses	1,616,758	797,757
Due to other governments	 71,842,577	68,458,134
Total Liabilities	\$ 75,487,540	\$ 78,402,391

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting entity

The Metropolitan Transportation Commission (MTC) was established under Government Code Section 66500 et seq. the laws of the State of California (State) in 1970 to provide comprehensive regional transportation planning for the nine counties that comprise the San Francisco Bay Area, which includes the City and County of San Francisco and the Counties of Alameda, Contra Costa, Marin, Napa, San Mateo, Santa Clara, Solano and Sonoma.

The MTC's principal sources of revenue to fund its operations include state grants, a percentage of the sales tax revenues collected in the nine Bay Area Counties under the State Transportation Development Act of 1971 (TDA) and grants from the U.S. Department of Transportation, Office of the Secretary of Transportation (U.S. DOT), including the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), Federal Transit Administration (FTA) and other federal, state and local agencies.

The accompanying financial statements present MTC and its blended component units. MTC is the primary government as defined in Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14 as it has separate legal status. Its governing board is separately appointed and it is fiscally independent of other governments. The blended component units discussed below are included as part of the reporting entity because they are financially accountable to MTC. The blended component units, although legally separate entities are, in substance, part of the MTC's operations and financial data from these units are combined with financial data of MTC in preparing the government-wide financial statements. The Commission serves as the governing body for MTC and all its blended component units.

Blended component units

i.) Bay Area Toll Authority

The Bay Area Toll Authority (BATA) is a public agency created by Senate Bill 226 effective January 1, 1998. Senate Bill 226 amended Streets and Highway Code Section 30950 et seq. and transferred to BATA certain California Transportation Commission (CTC) and State of California, Department of Transportation (Caltrans) duties and responsibilities for the disposition of toll revenues collected from toll bridges owned and operated by Caltrans in the San Francisco Bay Area. These responsibilities also include administration of the Regional Measure 1 capital improvement program approved by the voters in 1988. The toll bridges are the Antioch Bridge, Benicia-Martinez Bridge, Carquinez Bridge, Dumbarton Bridge, Richmond-San Rafael Bridge, San Francisco-Oakland Bay Bridge and San Mateo-Hayward Bridge.

Pursuant to Senate Bill 226, a five year Cooperative Agreement was signed on March 2, 1998 defining the roles and responsibilities of BATA and Caltrans. A new ten year agreement was signed in January 2003.

BATA is required to prepare and adopt a budget by July 1 for each fiscal year. BATA adopted a Long Range Plan for Regional Measure 1 projects as required by the Streets

and Highway Code. With the concurrence of Caltrans, the plan gives first priority to projects and expenditures that are deemed necessary by Caltrans to preserve and protect the bridges as provided by the Streets and Highway Code and to pay Caltrans for costs incurred and as authorized in the annual budgets adopted by BATA.

In March 2004, seven Bay Area counties approved Regional Measure 2. Regional Measure 2 increased the toll by one dollar on all seven bridges in order to fund various capital and operating programs for congestion relief. The dollar surcharge became effective July 1, 2004.

The responsibilities of Caltrans reside with the ownership, operation and maintenance of the bridges, including the installation, maintenance and operations of toll collections facilities and equipment, the generation and maintenance of proper records relating to the collection, accounting, allocation and the disbursements of all toll funds collected. Under the terms of the Cooperative Agreement signed in January 2003, BATA assumed responsibility for electronic toll collection starting in April 2004.

Except for the seismic retrofit charge, all the toll revenues and certain other income are transferred to BATA to be managed in accordance with the Cooperative Agreement.

The activities of BATA are structured as a single enterprise with operating revenue and expense recorded by individual bridges.

ii.) MTC Service Authority for Freeways and Expressways (MTC SAFE)

In June 1988, the MTC SAFE was created to receive funds collected by the Department of Motor Vehicles pursuant to Streets and Highways Code Section 2500 et seq., which permits the collection of up to \$1 per registered vehicle in participating counties. The MTC SAFE is responsible for administering a freeway motorist aid system in the participating counties, referred to as the Callbox program. The following counties are participants in the MTC SAFE: San Francisco, Alameda, Contra Costa, Marin, Napa, San Mateo, Santa Clara, Solano and Sonoma.

In 1993, the MTC SAFE's responsibilities were expanded, pursuant to a jointly adopted Memorandum of Understanding between the MTC SAFE, Caltrans, and the California Highway Patrol (CHP), to participate in the development and implementation of a Freeway Service Patrol (FSP) program in the San Francisco Bay Area. The MTC SAFE now receives additional funding under this program to provide tow truck services to stranded motorists. Three principal sources of funding for the FSP program include statelegislated grants, federal grants, and funding from federal traffic mitigation programs. In addition, the Callbox program supports the FSP program by transferring funds each year.

The management of the MTC SAFE has contracted with the MTC to utilize the administrative personnel and facilities of the MTC.

iii.) MTC Special Revenue Funds

Transit Reserve Fund – The 1998 Regional Measure 1 toll increase authorizes up to 3 percent of toll revenue to be used for congestion-relieving transit operation and capital projects in the bridge corridors and an additional 2 percent of the increase to be used for ferry service capital projects. The calculation of the transit reserves was revised in Section 30913 (b) of the Streets and Highway Code to 1/3 of 2% of base toll revenues collected on all seven Bay Area State-owned bridges effective January 1, 2004. When the state-owned toll bridges became eligible for federal funding in April 2000, transit operations could no longer be funded because federal funding guidelines allow toll revenues to be used for transit capital projects but not for transit operations. As such, MTC no longer funds transit operations with toll revenue.

Caltrans entered into a Cooperative Agreement with BATA and MTC whereby Caltrans transferred state funding (Five Percent Unrestricted State Funds) to MTC to replace the Toll Funds previously used for transit operations. As a result of this agreement, new programming and allocation policies were established in MTC Resolution No. 3288, with the Unrestricted State Funds supporting ferry operations and other transit/bicycle projects, and toll revenue transfers limited to ferry capital improvements.

Rail Extension Reserve Fund – Arise from 90 percent of the 25 cent toll increase on two-axle vehicles crossing the San Francisco-Oakland Bay Bridge as authorized by Regional Measure 1. Section 30914 (a.4) of the Streets and Highway Code changed the calculation to 21% of base toll revenues collected on the San Francisco-Oakland Bay Bridge effective January 1, 2004. Rail extension funds are allocated exclusively for rail transit capital extension and improvement projects that are designed to reduce vehicular traffic congestion on the San Francisco-Oakland Bay Bridge. Seventy percent of the Rail Extension Reserves are allocated for East Bay rail improvements and the remaining thirty percent for West Bay rail improvements.

AB664 Net Toll Revenue Reserve Fund – Arises from a 1997 toll increase on the three southern bay area bridges; the Dumbarton Bridge, the San Francisco-Oakland Bay Bridge and the San Mateo-Hayward Bridge. The increase consisted of a charge of 25 cents per two-axle vehicle on the San Francisco-Oakland Bay Bridge and 5 cents per two-axle vehicle on the San Mateo-Hayward and Dumbarton Bridges. Section 30884 (a) of the Streets and Highway Code changed the calculation to 16% of the base toll revenues collected on the three bridges effective January 1, 2004. These funds are allocated, seventy percent to West Bay and thirty percent to East Bay, to capital projects that further the development of public transit in the vicinity of these three southern bay area bridges, including transbay and transbay feeder transit services. Substantially all of the current AB664 Net Toll Revenue Reserves are used to match federal transit funds designated for replacement buses and capital facility improvement.

Exchange Fund – Are used for the MTC projects adopted as part of its State Transit Program (STP) and Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Improvement (CMAQ) programs. STP funds include flexible funding for projects on any Federal-aid highway, including the National Highway System, bridge projects, public roads, transit capital projects, and intracity and intercity bus terminals and facilities. CMAQ funds provide funding for up to 3 years for capital projects and new operating programs as in the areas of TCMs, Cold Start Programs, Alternative Fuels, Traffic Flow Improvements, Specific Transit Improvements such as new, lower emission transit vehicles, TransLink®, Travel Demand Management, Bicycle and Pedestrian Facilities and Outreach and Rideshare Activities.

State Transit Assistance (STA) Fund – Are used for transit and Paratransit operating assistance, transit capital projects, and regional transit coordination. STA funds are derived from the state sales tax on fuel and apportioned by state statute between population and revenue-based accounts. PUC Section 99313 defines population based funds and PUC Section 99314 defines revenue based funds.

Feeder Bus Fund – Are to reimburse various transit operators for operating the BART Express Bus Program.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of MTC and its component units. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Individual governmental funds and individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

For the year ended June 30, 2002, MTC adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – Management's Discussion & Analysis – for State and Local Governments* as amended by GASB Statement No. 37, *Basic Financial Statements – Management's Discussion & Analysis – for State and Local Governments: Omnibus*. GASB 34 establishes standards for external financial reporting for state and local governments and requires that resources be classified for accounting and reporting purposes into three net asset categories; namely, those invested in capital assets, net of related debt, restricted net assets and unrestricted net assets. For the year ended June 30, 2002, MTC also adopted GASB Statement No. 38, *Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures*. GASB 38 modifies, establishes, and rescinds certain financial statement disclosure requirements.

With respect to the business-type activities of MTC and as required under GASB Statement No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting, MTC will continue to apply all applicable GASB pronouncements as well as Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board (APB) Opinions and Accounting Research Bulletins (ARBs) of the Committee on Accounting Procedure issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict or contradict GASB pronouncements. MTC has elected under GASB Statement No. 20 to not apply all FASB Statements and Interpretations issued after November 30, 1989, due to the governmental nature of MTC's operations.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectable within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period.

MTC reports the following governmental funds:

The *general fund* is used to account for those financial resources that are not required to be accounted for in another fund. MTC's general fund is its primary operating fund.

Special revenue funds are used to account for proceeds of specific revenue sources, other than major capital projects, that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. MTC's special revenue funds include the MTC Bridge Toll Funds, the Exchange Fund, the STA Fund and the Feeder Bus Fund. The MTC Bridge Toll Funds comprise the Transit Reserves Fund, the Rail Extension Reserves Fund and the AB664 Net Toll Revenue Reserves Fund.

The major governmental funds comprise the General Fund, Transit Reserve Fund, Rail Extension Reserve Fund, the AB664 Net Toll Revenue Reserves Fund, the Exchange Fund, the STA Fund, and the Feeder Bus Fund. Balance Sheet and Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances and Budget to Actual Statements of Revenues and Change in Fund Balances are presented for all governmental funds.

MTC reports the following major proprietary funds:

The *Bay Area Toll Authority (BATA) fund* is used to account for the activities of BATA with responsibilities for the disposition of toll revenues collected from toll bridges owned and operated by the State in the San Francisco Bay Area. BATA is a blended component unit of MTC.

The MTC Service Authority for Freeways and Expressways (SAFE) fund is used to account for the activities of MTC SAFE with responsibilities for administering a freeway motorist aid system in the participating counties as well as providing tow truck services to stranded motorists. MTC SAFE is a blended component unit of MTC.

Additionally, MTC reports the following fiduciary funds to account for assets held by MTC in a trustee capacity or as an agent. These agency funds are custodial in nature and do not have a measurement of results of operations. They are on the accrual basis of accounting.

The *AB1107 fund* is used to account for the activities of the AB1107 Program. AB1107 funds are sales tax revenue collected under the ordinance adopted pursuant to Section 29140 of the Public Utilities Code. These funds are administered by the MTC for allocation to the Alameda-Contra Costa Transit District (AC Transit) and the City and County of San Francisco for its municipal railway system (MUNI) on the basis of regional priorities established by the MTC.

The *Transportation Development Act (TDA) Program fund* is used to account for the activities of the TDA Program. In accordance with State regulations and memoranda of understanding with operators and local municipalities, the MTC is responsible for the administration of sales tax revenue derived from the TDA.

D. Budgetary Accounting

Enabling legislation and adopted policies and procedures provide that MTC approve an annual budget by June 30 of each year. Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States of America for all governmental and proprietary funds. MTC also approves a life of project budget whenever new capital projects are approved. MTC presents a preliminary budget in May. The final budget is presented in June. MTC conducts hearings for discussion of the proposed annual budget and at the conclusion of the hearings, but not later than June 30, adopts the final budget for the following fiscal year. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, project and expense type. The legal level of control is at the fund level and the governing body must approve additional appropriations. Budget amendments are recommended when needed. Operating appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

MTC employs the following practices and procedures in establishing budgetary data on a basis consistent with Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States of America as reflected in the basic financial statements:

- Annual budgets are adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting for governmental fund types. These include the general fund and special revenue funds.
- Annual budgets are adopted on the accrual basis for the proprietary fund types.

E. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is employed in the general and special revenue funds. Under this method, purchase orders, contracts, memoranda of understanding and other commitments outstanding at year-end are reported as reservations of fund balances since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. These commitments will be recognized in subsequent year appropriations.

F. Cash and Investments

MTC applies the provisions of GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and External Investment Pools, which requires investments to be recorded at fair value with the difference between cost and fair value recorded as an unrealized gain or loss. Investments are stated at fair value based upon quoted market prices. Net increases or decreases in the fair value of investments are shown in the Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance for all governmental fund types and in the Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Net Assets for the proprietary funds.

Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows, MTC considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less at date of purchase to be cash and cash equivalents. Deposits in the investment pool of the County of Alameda are presented as cash and cash equivalents.

Restricted investments

Certain investments are classified as restricted on the Statement of Net Assets because their use is limited externally by applicable bond covenants, laws or regulations or there exists an imposed restriction through enabling legislation.

G. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include buildings and improvements, office furniture and equipment, leased equipment, automobiles and callboxes, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost. Depreciation expense for the governmental activities is charged against general government function.

Capital assets are defined as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimate useful life in excess of three years.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method that is based upon the estimated useful lives of individual capital assets. The estimated useful lives of capital assets are as follows:

	<u>Y ears</u>
Buildings and improvements	10 - 45
Office furniture and equipment	3 - 10
Leased equipment	5
Automobiles	3
Callboxes	10

H. Net Assets

Net assets represent residual interest in assets after liabilities are deducted. Net assets consist of three sections: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt, as well as restricted and unrestricted. Net assets are reported as restricted when constraints are imposed by third parties or enabling legislation. Restricted net assets consist of amounts restricted for capital expenditures and other purposes as follows:

	<u>2004</u>	<u>2003</u>
Encumbrances for Capital Projects	\$ 51,489,473	\$ 61,339,974
Other Purposes:		
Legal Contingency	1,993,571	2,500,000
PERS Reserve	6,099,723	5,260,158
HOV Reserve	289,741	1,332,670
STA Reserve	349,490	4,540,290
Building Reserve	8,000,000	8,000,000
Capital Asset Reserve	500,000	500,000
Debt Covenant – Operating &		
Maintenance Reserve	125,000,000	80,000,000
Self Insurance Reserve	50,000,000	50,000,000
Long-Term Receivable Not Available		
to Pay Current Period Expenditures	47,810,000	<u>39,935,000</u>
Total Other Purposes	<u>\$ 240,042,525</u>	<u>\$ 192,068,118</u>

I. Retirement Plans

MTC provides a defined benefit pension plan, the Miscellaneous Plan of Metropolitan Transportation Commission (the "Plan") which provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The Plan is part of the Public Agency portion of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), an agent multiple-employer plan administered by CalPERS, which acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public employers in the State.

J. Postretirement Health Benefits

The MTC pays certain health care insurance premiums for retired employees. Employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the MTC. The number of participants eligible to receive benefits was 38 for the year ended June 30, 2004. The cost of retiree health care insurance premiums is recognized as an expense as premiums are paid. For the years ended June 30, 2004 and 2003, those costs totaled \$217,975 and \$152,096, respectively.

K. Compensated Absences

MTC's regular staff employees accumulate vacation pay and sick leave pay based on the agreement with the Committee for Staff Representation pursuant to the Meyers–Milias–Brown Act. A liability exists for accumulated vacation and sick leave. Unused accumulated sick and vacation leave is paid at the time of employment termination up to a maximum of 400 hours for vacation and 240 hours for sick leave per employee.

L. Maintenance Funding due from Caltrans

In accordance with Amendment No. 2 to the Cooperative Agreement between BATA and Caltrans, Caltrans agreed to reimburse BATA for tow services financed with toll funds from fiscal year 1993 through fiscal year 2001. The reimbursement receivable totals \$3,966,913 and \$17,776,724 at June 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively. The settlement of the maintenance funding due from the State is to be provided in the form of an offset of capital expenses incurred and to be incurred on the Richmond-San Rafael Bridge Trestle Project and Richmond-San Rafael Bridge Deck project. For the years ended June 30, 2004 and 2003, Caltrans incurred \$13,809,811 and \$4,250,756, respectively in expenses as an offset against the settlement.

M. Toll revenues Collected by Caltrans

Except for the seismic retrofit charge, Caltrans collects all toll revenues from the operation of the bridges and transfers such revenues to BATA. BATA recognizes toll revenue as amounts are earned from vehicle utilization of the toll bridges.

N. Operating Expenditures Incurred by Caltrans

In accordance with the Cooperative Agreement between BATA and Caltrans, BATA reimburses Caltrans for certain costs incurred for bridge operating expenditures.

O. Transfers to Caltrans for Capital Expenditures

In accordance with the Cooperative Agreement between BATA and Caltrans, BATA reimburses Caltrans for certain costs incurred for bridge capital expenditures.

P. Capital Contributed from Caltrans

Caltrans contributed capital to BATA for a compensating cash balance.

Q. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

R. Operating and Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues and expenses are those related to user service activities. While nonoperating revenue and expenses are all others revenues and expenses not related to user service activities.

2. UNRESTRICTED ASSET DEFICIT

The unrestricted asset deficit arises from the activities within BATA. BATA was created by SB226 to be the financing arm for the Regional Measure 1 program. The planned total debt borrowing for these projects will be one billion dollars with the completion of the last piece of the financing in the fall of 2004. These bonds, issued by BATA, are Toll revenue Bonds payable solely from "Pledged Revenues". All future toll revenues received by BATA are pledged to cover debt service payments. The assets, the bridges, are owned and maintained by Caltrans. Therefore, BATA does not have sufficient current resources on hand to cover this debt resulting in an unrestricted asset deficit.

3. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Investments are stated at fair value. As a matter of policy, MTC holds investments to maturity with the objective of preservation and safeguarding of capital until the date of anticipated need.

At June 30, 2004 and 2003, the MTC's carrying amount of cash in checking and money market accounts was \$185,853,814 and \$162,401,355, respectively while the bank balance was \$179,820,665 and \$162,969,269, respectively with the difference represented primarily by outstanding checks. Of the bank balances at June 30, 2004 and 2003, \$241,056 and \$211,589 was insured by federal depository insurance or collateralized by securities held by MTC's agent in MTC's name and an amount of \$185,612,758 is required by Section 53652 of the California Government Code to be collateralized 110% by the pledging financial institutions, except promissory notes secured by first trust deeds, or letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco which require collateral levels of 150% and 105%, respectively. Such collateral is not required to be in MTC's name.

The California Government Code requires California banking institutions to collateralize deposits of public funds by pledging government securities as collateral. Such collateralization of public funds is accomplished by pooling. The market value of pledged securities must be in accordance with Title 5, Division 2, Chapter 4, Article 2 of the

Government Code for the State of California. California law also allows financial institutions to collateralize public fund deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of a governmental unit's total deposits. The MTC may waive collateral requirements for deposits that are fully insured up to \$100,000 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

The MTC invests its available cash under the prudent investor rule. The prudent investor rule states, in essence, that "in investing...property for the benefit of another, a trustee shall exercise the judgment and care, under the circumstance then prevailing, which people of prudence, discretion, and intelligence exercise in the management of their own affairs...." This policy affords the MTC a broad spectrum of investment opportunities as long as the investment is deemed prudent and is authorized under the California Government Code Sections 53600, et seq. Investments may be made within the following approved instrument guidelines:

- Securities of the U.S. Government or its agencies
- Securities of the State of California or its agencies
- Certificates of deposit (or time deposits) placed with commercial banks and savings and loans
- Bankers' acceptances
- Authorized pooled investment programs
- Commercial paper Rated "A" or better
- Corporate notes Rated "A" or better
- Municipal bonds
- Mutual funds Rated "A" or better
- Asset backed securities
- Other investment types authorized by state law and not prohibited in the MTC investment policy

BATA has covenanted to maintain an operations and maintenance reserve of two times the adopted operations and maintenance budget, as well as an extraordinary loss reserve of \$50 million. At June 30, 2004, BATA had restricted \$125 million as the restricted operations and maintenance reserve and \$50 million as the restricted extraordinary loss reserve. These amounts are shown as restricted long-term investments for the year ended June 30, 2004.

MTC also has \$1,126,154 restricted for costs for the Express Bus purchases funded with the Traffic Relief Program funds.

The MTC holds a position in the investment pool of County of Alameda in the amount of \$36,905,709. These funds in the Alameda County pool are not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). The County of Alameda is restricted by state code in the types of investments it can make. Further, the County Treasurer has a written investment policy approved by the Board of Supervisors and also has an investment committee which performs regulatory oversight for its pool as required by California Government Code Section 27134. The County's investment policy authorizes the County to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, its agencies and instrumentalities, certificates of deposit, commercial paper rated A-1 by Standard & Poor's Corporation or P-1 by Moody's

Commercial Paper Record, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements, reverse repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer's investment pool. The fair value in the investment pool of County of Alameda is the same as the fair value of the position in the external investment pool at June 30, 2004.

At June 30, 2004 and 2003, MTC invested 77% and 61% of its investment portfolio in government-sponsored enterprises (GSE). However, for both the periods under review no specific GSE comprised of more than 42% of the total. The holdings are as follows:

	2004	2003
Federal Home Loan Board	42%	39%
Federal Home Loan Mortgage	32%	20%
Federal National Mortgage Association	21%	38%
Student Loan Marketing	3%	2%
Tennessee Valley Authority	2%	1%
	100%	100%

The GSEs carry "AAA" rating and have implicit guarantee from the U.S. government. Neither State law nor MTC policy imposes a limit to the amount of GSE within the portfolio.

MTC's portfolio includes one mutual fund investment, Cadre Institutional Investors Trust (Cadre), owned by Public Financial Management. The fund is rated "AAA" by both Standard & Poor's Corporation and Moody's and its fund invests in debt securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government or an agency of the U.S. government and repurchase agreements collaterized by U.S. government securities. Investments are very liquid and can be liquidated at any time and as such are considered to be cash and cash equivalents. This mutual fund also serves as MTC's primary checking account. At June 30, 2004 and 2003, the investment in Cadre was equal to 6% and 10% of the investment portfolio (including cash and cash equivalents). State law and MTC policy limit mutual fund investments to 20% of the portfolio, with no more than 10% in any single fund.

A reconciliation of Cash and Investments as shown on the Statement of Net Assets for all funds at June 30, 2004 and 2003 is as follows:

	2004	2003
Cash	\$ 185,853,813	\$ 162,401,355
Investments	542,981,391	817,819,269
Total cash and investments	\$ 728,835,204	\$ 980,220,624
Reported as:		
Unrestricted cash and cash equivalents	\$ 329,582,159	\$ 486,839,326
Unrestricted investments	223,126,891	358,193,511
Total unrestricted cash and investments	552,709,050	845,032,837
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	1,126,154	5,187,787
Restricted investments	175,000,000	130,000,000
Total restricted cash and investments	176,126,154	135,187,787
Total cash and investments	\$ 728,835,204	\$ 980,220,624

4. CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2004 is as follows:

Covernmen	tal	antivities

Governmental activities				
	Beginning Balance July 1, 2003	Additions	Retirements	Ending Balance June 30, 2004
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	\$ 4,718,459	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,718,459
Office furniture and equipment	2,686,117	166,011	-	2,852,128
Leased equipment	83,430	-	-	83,430
Automobiles	176,412			176,412
Total cash assets being depreciated	7,664,418	166,011		7,830,429
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	2,075,796	176,344	-	2,252,140
Office furniture and equipment	2,249,698	161,110	-	2,410,808
Leased equipment	31,248	18,082	-	49,330
Automobiles	162,078	10,587		172,665
Total accumulated depreciation	4,518,820	366,123		4,884,943
Total capital assets, net	\$ 3,145,598	\$ (200,112)	\$ -	\$ 2,945,486
Business-type activities				
Dusiness type activities	Beginning Balance			Ending Balance
	July 1, 2003	Additions	Retirements	June 30, 2004
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Office furniture and equipment	\$ 1,052,470	\$ 15,398	\$ -	\$ 1,067,868
Callboxes	10,482,078			10,482,078
Total cash assets being depreciated	11,534,548	15,398		11,549,946
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Office furniture and equipment	960,986	47,336	-	1,008,322
Callboxes	8,436,558	364,138		8,800,696
Total accumulated depreciation	9,397,544	411,474		9,809,018
Total capital assets, net	\$ 2,137,004	\$ (396,076)	\$ -	\$ 1,740,928

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2003 is as follows:

Governmental activities

	Beginning Balance July 1, 2002		Additions		Retirements	Ending Balance ne 30, 2003
Capital assets, being depreciated						
Buildings and improvements	\$	4,698,808	\$	19,651	-	\$ 4,718,459
Office furniture and equipment		2,764,993		36,144	(115,020)	2,686,117
Leased equipment		83,430		-	-	83,430
Automobiles		185,548		-	(9,136)	176,412
Total capital assets being depreciated		7,732,779		55,795	(124,156)	7,664,418
Less accumulated depreciation for						
Buildings and improvements		1,901,416		174,380	-	2,075,796
Office furniture and equipment		2,200,996		160,662	(111,960)	2,249,698
Leased equipment		12,166		19,082	-	31,248
Automobiles		152,350		18,864	(9,136)	162,078
Total accumulated depreciation		4,266,928		372,988	(121,096)	4,518,820
Total capital assets, net	\$	3,465,851	\$	(317,193)	\$ (3,060)	\$ 3,145,598

Business-type activities

	Beginning Balance July 1, 2002		Additions		Retirements		Ending Balance June 30, 2003	
Capital assets, being depreciated Office furniture and equipment	\$	1,075,462	\$	_	\$	(22,992)	\$	1,052,470
Callboxes		9,144,80 0		1,337,278		-		10,482,078
Total capital assets being depreciated		10,220,262		1,337,278		(22,992)		11,534,548
Less accumulated depreciation for								
Office furniture and equipment		891,154		92,814		(22,982)		960,986
Callboxes		8,055,377		381,181		-		8,436,558
Total accumulated depreciation		8,946,531		473,995		(22,982)		9,397,544
Total capital assets, net	\$	1,273,731	\$	863,283	\$	(10)	\$	2,137,004

5. LONG-TERM DEBT

projects, including capital improvements and Regional Measure I projects for the Bay Area Bridges, (ii) to finance a Reserve Fund for the Series 2001 and 2003 General Revenue Bonds, and (iii) pay costs incurred in connection with the issuance of the Series 2001 General Revenue General Revenue Bonds were issued during May 2001 and February 2003 to (i) finance the cost of the design and construction of eligible Bonds.

A summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2004 is as follows:

Business-type activities									
	Issue Date	Interest Rate	Calendar Maturity Year	Original Amount	Beginning Balance July 1, 2003	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance June 30, 2004	Due Within One Year
2001 Revenue Bond Series A	5/24/2001	4.09%-4.10% *	2036	\$ 150,000,000	3 150,000,000 \$ 150,000,000	· •	~	\$ 150,000,000	•
2001 Revenue Bond Series B	5/24/2001	4.12% *	2029	75,000,000	75,000,000	•	•	\$ 75,000,000	
2001 Revenue Bond Series C		4.11% *	2025	75,000,000	75,000,000	•	,	\$ 75,000,000	,
2001 Revenue Bond Series D		4.83% **	2018	100,000,000	100,000,000	1	,	\$ 100,000,000	•
2003 Revenue Bond Series A	2/12/2003	4.13% ***	2038	75,000,000	75,000,000	•	•	\$ 75,000,000	•
2003 Revenue Bond Series B	2/12/2003	4.13% ***	2038	75,000,000	75,000,000	•	,	\$ 75,000,000	,
2003 Revenue Bond Series C		4.14% ****	2038	150,000,000	150,000,000		1	\$ 150,000,000	
				\$ 700,000,000	700,000,000	1	1	700,000,000	- \$
Unamortized bond premium				•	1,244,921	٠	83,927	83,927 \$ 1,160,994	
Net long-term debt as June 30, 200	30, 2004				\$ 701,244,921 \$	- \$	\$ 83,927	\$ 83,927 \$ 701,160,994	

^{* 2001} Series A, B and C are issued as variable rate demand bonds with a floating-to-fixed interest rate swap transaction in place. Refer to interest rate swap description within this footnote. Of the \$150,000,000 Series A bonds, \$75,000,000 was swapped to a fixed rate of 4.09% and \$75,000,000 was swapped to a fixed rate of 4.10%.

^{** 2001} Series D bonds are issued as fixed rate bonds with a final maturity of 2018. The bonds carry interest rates ranging from 3.85% in 2006 to 5.12% in 2018, for a true interest cost of 4.83%.

^{*** 2003} Series A and B are issued as variable rate demand bonds with a floating-to-fixed interest rate swap transaction in place. Series A and B bonds were swapped to a fixed rate of 4.13%

^{****} Of the \$150,000,000 2003 Series C Revenue bonds, \$50,000,000 are issued as variable rate demand bonds with a floating to fixed interest rate swap transaction in place. The \$50,000,000 bonds were swapped to a fixed rate of 4.14%. The remaining \$100,000,000 are issued as floating rate bonds with a final maturity of 2038. Interest rates in the variable rate demand bond averaged 1.05% as of June 30, 2004.

A summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2003 is as follows:

Business-type activities									
	Issue Date	Interest Rate	Calendar Maturity Year	Original Amount	Beginning Balance July 1, 2002	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance Reductions June 30, 2003	Due Within One Year
2001 Revenue Bond Series A 5/24/2001	5/24/2001	4.09%-4.10% *	2036	\$ 150,000,000	150,000,000 \$ 150,000,000		·	\$ 150,000,000	
2001 Revenue Bond Series B	5/24/2001	4.12% *	2029	75,000,000	75,000,000	•	•	75,000,000	
2001 Revenue Bond Series C	5/24/2001	4.11% *	2025	75,000,000	75,000,000	•	•	75,000,000	
2001 Revenue Bond Series D	5/24/2001	4.83% **	2018	100,000,000	100,000,000	•	•	100,000,000	•
2003 Revenue Bond Series A	2/12/2003	4.13% ***	2038	75,000,000	•	75,000,000	•	75,000,000	•
2003 Revenue Bond Series B	2/12/2003	4.13% ***	2038	75,000,000	•	75,000,000	•	75,000,000	•
2003 Revenue Bond Series C	2/12/2003	4.14% ****	2038	150,000,000	1	150,000,000		150,000,000	'
			•	\$ 700,000,000	400,000,000	300,000,000	ı	700,000,000	
Unamortized bond premium					1,328,849	1	83,928	1,244,921	
Net long-term debt as of June 30, 2003	ne 30, 2003				\$ 401,328,849	401,328,849 \$300,000,000 \$ 83,928 \$ 701,244,921	\$ 83,928	\$ 701,244,921	

^{* 2001} Series A, B and C are issued as variable rate demand bonds with a floating-to-fixed interest rate swap transaction in place. Refer to interest rate swap description within this footnote. Of the \$150,000,000 Series A bonds, \$75,000,000 was swapped to a fixed rate of 4.09% and \$75,000,000 was swapped to a fixed rate of 4.10%.

^{** 2001} Series D bonds are issued as fixed rate bonds with a final maturity of 2018. The bonds carry interest rates ranging from 3.85% in 2006 to 5.12% in 2018, for a true interest cost of 4.83%.

^{*** 2003} Series A and B are issued as variable rate demand bonds with a floating-to-fixed interest rate swap transaction in place. Series A and B bonds were swapped to a fixed rate of 4.13%

^{****} Of the \$150,000,000 2003 Series C Revenue bonds, \$50,000,000 are issued as variable rate demand bonds with a floating to fixed interest rate swap transaction in place. The \$50,000,000 bonds were swapped to a fixed rate of 4.14%. The remaining \$100,000,000 are issued as floating rate bonds with a final maturity of 2038. Interest rates in the variable rate demand bond averaged 0.90% as of June 30, 2003.

Annual funding requirements

The annual funding requirements (principal and interest) for the long-term debt outstanding of the business-type activities at June 30, 2004 are as follows:

Business-type activities				
	Principal		Interest	Total
Fiscal Year Ending	Payments		Payments	Payments
2005	\$ - \$	S	28,290,876	\$ 28,290,876
2006	5,785,000		28,290,876	34,075,876
2007	6,015,000		28,057,072	34,072,072
2008	10,825,000		27,813,973	38,638,973
2009-2013	62,305,000		132,077,370	194,382,370
2014-2018	78,870,000		118,221,105	197,091,105
2019-2023	41,100,000		105,185,478	146,285,478
2024-2028	126,200,000		87,006,569	213,206,569
2029-2033	139,000,000		57,478,977	196,478,977
2034-2038	229,900,000		28,157,505	258,057,505
	\$ 700,000,000 \$	5	640,579,801	\$ 1,340,579,801

Toll Revenue Bonds

The 2001 Bay Area Toll Authority Bridge Toll Revenue Bonds are payable solely from "Pledged Revenues." The Master Indenture, dated as of May 1, 2001 defines Pledged Revenues as all bridge toll revenue as well as revenue and all amounts held by the Trustee in each fund and account established under the indenture except for amounts in the Rebate Fund and amounts on deposit in any fund or account established to hold the proceeds of a drawing on any Liquidity Instrument.

BATA has covenanted to maintain bridge toll rates sufficient to meet operations, maintenance and debt service costs. In addition, BATA will seek authority from the State legislature if net toll revenue is less than 1.0 times "fixed charges" as defined by the Master indenture, or the sum of net toll revenue and amounts in the operations and maintenance reserve is less than 1.25 times fixed charges (see detail in Schedule 6).

BATA has also covenanted in the 2001 Indenture that no additional bonds shall be issued, unless the additional bonds are issued for refunding of 2001 Series bond purposes, or Net Revenue equates to greater than 150% of the combined maximum annual debt service, including the 2001 bonds and additional bonds.

BATA has covenanted to maintain an operations and maintenance reserve of two times the adopted operations and maintenance budget, as well as an extraordinary loss reserve of \$50 million. At June 30, 2004, BATA had restricted \$125 million as the restricted operations and maintenance reserve and \$50 million as the restricted extraordinary loss reserve. These amounts are shown as restricted long-term investments for the year ended June 30, 2004.

The bonds issued by BATA are secured by a first lien on all revenues and are not an obligation of the MTC primary government or any component unit other than BATA.

Interest Rate and Forward Interest Rate Swap Agreements

In January 2002, BATA completed a floating-to-fixed rate swap transaction with a notional value of \$300 million. Counterparties to the transaction are Ambac for \$150 million, CitiCorp for \$75 million and Morgan Stanley for \$75 million. During the 35-year term of the swap, BATA will pay each respective counterparty based on a fixed rate ranging from 4.09% to 4.12% while receiving a floating rate payment equivalent to the actual floating rate payment in years 1 through 4 and a floating rate payment based on 65% of the one-month LIBOR index in years 5 through 35. The variable rate bonds associated with this swap were issued as part of BATA's 2001 \$400 million Toll Bridge Revenue bond issue.

In May 2002, BATA approved a forward contract with Ambac to swap variable-to-fixed rate bonds in a notional amount of \$200 million. The contract calls for BATA to pay Ambac a fixed rate of 4.139%. In exchange, BATA will receive a variable rate payment based on 65% of the one-month LIBOR rate for the life of the 2003 financing. The variable rate bonds associated with this swap were issued as part of BATA's 2003 \$300 million Toll Bridge Revenue Bond issue.

BATA entered into these transactions as a means of controlling long-term debt costs while maintaining a hedge against increases in short-term rates. BATA is aware that swap transactions contain certain associated risks not traditionally associated with fixed-rate issues, particularly the risk of counterparty failure. However, BATA has structured the transaction with reasonable safeguards, including downgrade and collateral provisions required of all counterparties, insurance guaranteeing performance on the Ambac components, as well as BATA's unilateral ability to cancel any transaction with 15 days notice.

The swap contracts address credit risk by requiring the counter-parties to post collateral if two triggering mechanisms are reached: counter-party credit ratings fall below "AA-" or "Aa3" from Standard & Poor's and Moody's respectively; and the swap carries a positive fair value in excess of \$10 million.

As of June 30, 2004, Morgan Stanley had a long term rating of "A+" from Standard & Poor's which falls below the "AA-" threshold. However, no collateral is required because the fair value does not exceed \$10 million. The ratings for Ambac and CitiCorp are "AAA/Aaa" and "AA/Aa1" from Standard & Poor's and Moody's respectively.

Cancellation of any or all of the swap transactions is subject to a market value calculation at the time of termination. The market value calculation is used to determine what, if any, termination payment is due from or to the counterparty. At June 30, 2004 the financial and investment advisory firm of Public Financial Management (PFM) established the termination value as of June 30, 2004 as follows:

			Va	lue due from /
Notional Value	Counterparty	Fixed Rate	(to) counterparty
\$ 75 million	Ambac	4.110%	\$	(4,655,000)
\$ 75 million	Ambac	4.120%		(4,720,200)
\$ 75 million	Morgan Stanley	4.090%		(4,720,500)
\$ 75 million	Citibank	4.100%		(4,829,400)
\$ 200 million	Ambac	4.139%		(13,931,800)
			\$	(32,856,900)

The termination value, if BATA terminated or defaulted on all swaps is approximately \$32.9 million.

BATA's intent, however, is to maintain the swap transactions for the 35 year life of the financing. In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 20, BATA has not adopted Financial Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 133, *Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities*, and has not recorded the termination value due to the counterparties. A complete summary of swap values and terms is contained in Schedule 18.

The schedule below shows the total interest cost of the swap payments. The total cost is determined by taking the fixed rate payment to the counterparty, netting the variable rate payment received from the counterparty, plus any associated administrative costs associated with the swap and variable rate obligation. The counterparty fixed rate payment is 4.105% and 4.139% for the 2001 and 2003 swap transactions, respectively. The total cost is 4.738% for the 2001 swap and 4.772% for the 2003 swap.

As of June 30, 2004, debt service requirements of the variable rate debt and net swap payments for 2001 Series A, B and C as are as follows:

Payment	Principal	Interest	Interest Rate	In	terest Remarketing	Total
Date	Payment	(Variable)*	Swaps, Net**		and Liquidity***	Payment
4/1/2005*	\$ -	\$ 3,165,000	\$ 9,150,000	\$	900,000	\$ 13,215,000
4/1/2006**	-	3,165,000	10,149,000		900,000	14,214,000
4/1/2007	-	3,165,000	10,149,000		900,000	14,214,000
4/1/2008	-	3,165,000	10,149,000		900,000	14,214,000
4/2/2009		3,165,000	10,149,000		900,000	14,214,000
4/1/2010-2036	300,000,000	62,664,890	200,943,434		17,819,400	581,427,724
	\$ 300,000,000	\$ 78,489,890	\$ 250,689,434	\$	22,319,400	\$ 651,498,724

As of June 30, 2004, debt service requirements of the variable rate debt and net swap payments for 2004 Series A, B and C are as follows:

Payment Date	Principal Payment	Interest (Variable)*	Interest Rate Swaps, Net**	I	nterest Remarketing and Liquidity***	Total Payment
4/1/2005	\$ -	\$ 2,110,000	\$ 6,834,000	\$	600,000	\$ 9,544,000
4/1/2006	-	2,110,000	6,834,000		600,000	9,544,000
4/1/2007	-	2,110,000	6,834,000		600,000	9,544,000
4/1/2008	3,000,000	2,110,000	6,834,000		600,000	12,544,000
4/2/2009	3,200,000	2,078,350	6,731,490		591,000	12,600,840
4/1/2010-2038	193,800,000	36,920,780	119,581,332		10,498,800	360,800,912
	\$ 200,000,000	\$ 47,439,130	\$ 153,648,822	\$	13,489,800	\$ 414,577,752

	Series 2001 Bonds	Series 2003 Bonds
Interest Rate Swap		
Fixed payment to cp	4.105%	4.139%
65% Libor	-0.722%	-0.722%
Net interest rate swap payments**	3.383%	3.417%
Variable Rate bond coupon pmts*	1.055%	1.055%
Synthetic interest rate on bonds	4.438%	4.472%
remarketing/liquidity fee***	0.300%	0.300%
Total Cost	4.738%	4.772%

^{*} For Series 2001 Bonds, the above rate calculation takes effect as of April 1, 2006.

6. LEASES

Capital Leases

The MTC leases copier equipment under capital leases expiring in MTC's fiscal year end 2007. The assets and liabilities under this capital lease are recorded at the present value of the minimum lease payments. Minimum future lease payments under the capital lease are comprised of the following:

Governmental .	Activities
Veer Ending Jur	20 20

Year Ending June 30	<u> </u>	<u>Amount</u>
2005		22,597
2006		9,968
2007		7,350
Total		39,915
Less interest amounts		(3,470)
Present value of net minimum lease payments	\$	36,445

Operating Leases

MTC conducts some of its operations from office space that is leased under a six-year operating lease which commenced on May 5, 1999. Monthly rent under this lease for the year ended June 30, 2004 and 2003 was \$30,088 and \$28,860, respectively.

Future minimum rental payments required under the above operating leases as of June 30, 2004 are as follows:

Governmental Activities

Year Ending June 30	Amount
2005	\$ 361,061
Total	\$ 361,061

7. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2004 is as follows:

			Tr	ansfer to:		
Transfer from:	General Fund	% Transit Transfers	90	0% Regional Rail	AB664 Bridge Toll	Total
Exchange STA BATA SAFE	\$ 809,352 2,462,271 1,851,507 1,134,421	\$ - - 989,075 -	\$	10,030,620	\$ - - 12,292,116 -	\$ 809,352 2,462,271 25,163,318 1,134,421
Total	\$ 6,257,551	\$ 989,075	\$	10,030,620	\$ 12,292,116	\$ 29,569,362

Due to/from other funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	BATA	\$ 571,892
General Fund	STA	\$ 45,096
General Fund	Exchange	\$ 361,491
SAFE	General Fund	\$ 425,977

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2003 is as follows:

			Tra	ansfer to:			
Transfer from:	General Fund	% Transit Transfers	90	% Regional Rail]	AB664 Bridge Toll	Total
Exchange	\$ 91,689	\$ _	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 91,689
STA	4,035,593	-		-		-	4,035,593
BATA	1,639,635	999,088		9,972,589		12,280,679	24,891,991
SAFE	 2,358,296	-		-		-	2,358,296
Total	\$ 8,125,213	\$ 999,088	\$	9,972,589	\$	12,280,679	\$ 31,377,569

Due to/from other funds

Receivable Fund Payable Fund			Amount
		·	
General Fund	BATA	\$	220,820
General Fund	STA	\$	442,013
General Fund	Exchange	\$	37,532
SAFE	General Fund	\$	267,176

8. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN AND POSTRETIREMENT BENEFITS

Plan Description

MTC's defined benefit pension plan, the Miscellaneous Plan of Metropolitan Transportation Commission ("the Plan"), provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries.

The Plan is part of the Public Agency portion of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), an agent multiple-employer plan administered by CalPERS, which acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public employers within the State of California. A menu of benefit provisions as well as other requirements are established by State statutes within the Public Employees' Retirement Law. The MTC selects optional benefit provisions from the benefit menu by contract with CalPERS and adopts those benefits through local ordinance. CalPERS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report. Copies of the CalPERS annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office, 400 P Street, Sacramento California 95814.

Funding Policy

Members in the Plan are required to contribute 7% of their annual covered salary which is established by California state statute. However, due to a collective bargaining agreement, MTC has a legal obligation to contribute this 7% on behalf of the covered employees. Therefore, employees have no obligation to contribute to the Plan. MTC is also required to contribute the actuarially determined remaining amounts necessary to fund the benefits for its employees. The actuarial methods and assumptions are those adopted and amended by the CalPERS Board of Administration.

Annual Pension Cost

For the years ended June 30, 2004 and 2003, because of previously determined actuarial surplus, MTC was not required to make actual cash transfers to PERS. The amounts due, employer and member, were deducted from the surplus. Therefore, actual and required contributions were \$0. The required contribution for the year ended June 30, 2004 was determined as part of the June 30, 2001 actuarial valuation using the entry age normal actuarial cost method with the contributions determined as a percent of pay. The actuarial assumptions included a) 8.25% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) and (b) projected salary increases that vary by duration of service. Both (a) and (b) include an inflation component of 3.5%. The actuarial value of the Plan's asset was determined using a technique that smoothes the effect of short-term volatility in market value of investments over a three-year period depending on the size of investment gains and/or losses. The Plan's unfunded actuarial excess asset is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2001 was 27 years.

The following table shows the MTC's required contributions and the percentage contributed for the current year and each of the two preceding years:

Fiscal	Annual Pension	Percentage of
Year Ended	Cost (APC)	APC Contributed
6/30/2002	_	100%
6/30/2003	_	100%
6/30/2004	-	100%

The MTC's funding progress information as of June 30, 2002 is illustrated as follows:

Actuarial Valuation <u>Date</u>	Actuarial Value of <u>Assets</u>	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age	Asset	ess of ts over Funded AL Ratio	Covered <u>Payroll</u>	Excess as a Percentage of Covered <u>Payroll</u>
June 30, 2000	\$ 43,765,185	\$ 29,898,463	\$ 13,8	366,722 146.4%	\$ 8,283,503	167.4%
June 30, 2001	45,552,447	32,924,078	12,6	528,369 138.4%	9,035,190	139.8%
June 30, 2002	43,102,147	36,565,796	6,5	536,351 117.9%	8,283,503	63.2%

Given that the latest available actuarial valuation was as of June 30, 2002 it is reasonably possible that the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2003 may result in an underfunded

status and the need for a corresponding liability to be recorded by the MTC given the potential fluctuations in the fair value of investments of the Plan.

9. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

MTC's administered projects are subject to audit by the respective grantors. The final determination of allowable project costs can be made only after the grantor's audits are completed and final rulings by the grantor's administrative departments are obtained. Disallowed expenditures, if any, must be borne by nonfederal funds. In the opinion of MTC's management, such disallowances, if any, would not have a material adverse effect on the accompanying government-wide financial statements.

MTC is involved in various claims and litigation that is considered normal to the MTC's regional planning activities. MTC has established a \$2.0 million reserve for use for such contingencies. In the opinion of the MTC's management, the ultimate resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the MTC's government-wide financial position.

Commitment and loan to Bay Area Rapid Transit District

On March 11, 1999, MTC, the San Mateo County Transit District (Samtrans) and the Bay Area Rapid Transit District (BART) (collectively the Parties) entered into a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) defining the terms and conditions by which additional funds would be made available for the SFO Extension Project (the Project). On September 1, 1999, the Parties agreed to provide a total of \$198.5 million to the Project, with BART providing \$50 million, Samtrans providing \$72 million, and MTC providing \$76.5 million.

The MTC's commitment included a \$60 million loan (the Loan) for the Project's cash flow requirements and \$16.5 million for additional budget items. In addition, MTC agreed to pay for interest and financing costs not to exceed \$11.8 million, for a total commitment of \$88.3 million.

To fund the Loan, MTC has agreed to advance \$60 million from the East Bay Rail Extension Reserve Account (the East Bay Account) for Project cash flows. BART will repay this advance without interest, upon authorization and receipt of federal funds anticipated pursuant to BART's full funding grant agreement with the U.S. Department of Transportation (the FTA grant). MTC further agrees to allocate \$16.5 million to BART from the West Bay Rail Extension Reserve Account (the West Bay Account) for budget items, and utilize a combination of bridge toll revenues and other sources to pay interest and financing costs up to \$11.8 million.

On September 1, 1999, the San Francisco Bay Area Transit Financing Authority (the Authority), a joint powers agency, created pursuant to a joint exercise of powers agreement between BART and MTC, issued \$65,650,000 in Bridge Toll Notes (the Notes). The Notes are limited obligations of the Authority, payable from and secured solely by a pledge of bridge toll revenues, from the East Bay Account, allocated to BART by MTC. The Notes are insured by ACA Capital and are to be paid in semi-annual installments until February 1, 2007 at interest rates ranging from 4.25% to 5.75%.

Financial statements of the Authority can be obtained from BART, 800 Madison Avenue, Oakland, California 94607.

On February 12, 2001, MTC and BART executed an Acknowledgement Agreement (the Agreement) which modified the repayment terms of the Loan. Under the Agreement, MTC has acknowledged that the FTA grant proceeds, originally pledged to repay the Loan, will be pledged and assigned in favor of bonds (the Bonds) issued by the Association of Bay Area Governments to refinance the Notes and finance the Project. The Agreement confirms BART's obligation to repay the Loan, as set forth in the MOU; however, such repayment will be made from the general resources of BART, and, subject to the prior pledge in favor of the Bonds.

The following schedule provides a summary of MTC's remaining bridge toll allocation commitment to BART:

Governmental Activities				
	Regional	egional R		
	Measure I		Measure I	
	East Bay	West Bay		<u>Total</u>
Year Ending June 30				
2005	\$ 7,000,000	\$	3,000,000	\$ 10,000,000
2006	7,000,000		3,000,000	10,000,000
2007	301,000		3,000,000	3,301,000
Total	\$ 14,301,000	\$	9,000,000	\$ 23,301,000

During the year ended June 30, 2004, MTC paid \$10,000,000 to BART increasing the total loan made to BART to \$47.810,000.

10. RISK MANAGEMENT

MTC is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. MTC purchases commercial insurance through an insurance agent, who obtains the appropriate insurance coverage needed by the MTC from insurance companies. To date, there have been no significant reductions in any of the MTC's insurance coverage, and no settlement amounts have exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past three years.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Metropolitan Transportation Commission Schedule of Expenditures – Governmental General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

Expenditures by natural classification:	
Salaries & benefits	\$ 12,698,204
Travel	282,950
Professional fees	29,272,127
Overhead	1,984,115
Printing & Reproduction	304,346
Other	411,108
Reported as general government expenditures	
in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and	
Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 44,952,850

Metropolitan Transportation Commission Schedule of Overhead, Salaries and Benefit Expense -**Governmental General Fund**

For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

	Direct Costs	Indirect Costs		Total
Salaries Benefits	\$ 7,092,298 3,097,601	\$ 1,800,771 707,534	\$	8,893,069 3,805,135
TOTAL SALARIES AND BENEFITS	\$ 10,189,899	\$ 2,508,305	\$	12,698,204
Reimbursable overhead:				
Printing and reprographics Computer services Conference and training Auto expense Travel expense/local mileage Transit tickets Meeting room/office rent Office supplies Equipment Rental Equipment maintenance and repair Mailing and postage Communications Insurance Subscriptions Library acquisitions Personnel recruitment Public hearings County auditor Press clippings Provide Graphic Services Law library Parking RAFC maintenance - Third floor Janitorial services Newswire services Utilities Storage rental Advertisement/legal notices Advisory committees Miscellaneous Audio Reproduction/Supply Equipment less than \$5,000 in cost Memberships		\$ 64,493 587,764 42,640 11,211 14,192 4,045 202,445 60,413 4,042 3,891 102,784 96,752 80,849 19,134 11,652 50,542 10,421 10,627 89 4,866 24,154 21,576 16,591 45,073 2,388 65,245 16,357 12,689 26,500 8,315 2,018 2,651 35,313	\$	64,493 587,764 42,640 11,211 14,192 4,045 202,445 60,413 4,042 3,891 102,784 96,752 80,849 19,134 11,652 50,542 10,421 10,627 89 4,866 24,154 21,576 16,591 45,073 2,388 65,245 16,357 12,689 26,500 8,315 2,018 2,651 35,313
Subtotal		1,661,722		1,661,722
Under absorbed for year ended June 30, 2004		(640,480)		(640,480)
Carryforward provision		 962,873		962,873
Total indirect costs excluding depreciation expense		1,984,115		1,984,115
Depreciation expense		 366,124	_	366,124
Total indirect costs		 2,350,239	\$	2,350,239

Metropolitan Transportation Commission Schedule of Expenditures - Federal Highway Administration Grant No. 020WPM TCM

For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

		ABAG	MTC	Total
Authorized expended Federal Local Match	ditures	\$ 753,283 97,596	\$ 4,447,523 576,224	\$5,200,806 673,820
Total authorized	1 expenditures	850,879	5,023,747	5,874,626
Actual Expenditur	•		- , - , - , - , -	. , ,
ABAG		753,283		753,283
		133,283	-	733,263
MTC				
<u>Program No.</u>	<u>Program Name</u>			
1111	Support the Commission		333,386	333,386
1112	Implement Public Information Program		589,304	589,304
1121	Develop and Produce the RTP		125,000	125,000
1122	Travel Models and Data		425,000	425,000
1154	Graphics		175,000	175,000
1155	Computer Support		675,000	675,000
1156	Library Services		150,000	150,000
1212	Develop MTS Performance Measures		50,000	50,000
1221	Implement TransLink		100,000	100,000
1223	Regional Marketing Program		75,000	75,000
1224	Traveler Information Services		50,000	50,000
1225	Transit Trip Planning		200,000	200,000
1226	Bicycle Information System		15,000	15,000
1227	Coordination Projects		150,000	150,000
1233	Improve Pavement Management Program (PMP)		250,000	250,000
1311	Assist Counties		33,219	33,219
1412	Air Quality		46,856	46,856
1511	Financial Analysis and Planning		150,000	150,000
1512	Federal Programming, Monitoring and TIP Development		600,000	600,000
1515	State Programming and Project Monitoring		145,000	145,000
Total Expenditure	es	753,283	4,337,765	5,091,048
Balance of Fede	ral Highway Administration Grant	\$ -	\$ 109,758	\$ 109,758

Metropolitan Transportation Commission Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets – SAFE Proprietary Fund – By Program For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

	Cal	lbox Program	eway Service rol Program	Total
Operating revenues Department of Motor Vehicles registration fees Other operating revenues	\$	5,839,026	\$ - 199,245	\$ 5,839,026 199,245
Total operating revenues		5,839,026	199,245	6,038,271
Operating expenses				
Towing contracts		-	6,936,786	6,936,786
Salaries and benefits		344,749	340,946	685,695
Professional fees		563,773	158,566	722,339
Repairs and maintenance		850,066	102,419	952,485
Communications charges		346,732	105,186	451,918
Depreciation and amortization		365,064	44,465	409,529
Other Operating Expenses		277,886	432,779	710,665
Total Operating Expenses		2,748,270	8,121,147	10,869,417
Operating income / (loss)		3,090,756	(7,921,902)	(4,831,146)
Unrestricted non-operating revenues / (expenses)				
Interest Income		177,697	-	177,697
Caltrans operating Grants		-	5,931,195	5,931,195
Federal operating grants		46,409	63,023	109,432
Total non-operating revenues, net		224,106	5,994,218	6,218,324
Income / (loss) before operating and capital transfers		3,314,862	(1,927,684)	1,387,178
Transfers to MTC		(1,048,738)	(85,683)	(1,134,421)
Transfers between programs		(2,013,367)	2,013,367	-
Transfers to BATA		70,000	-	70,000
Change in net assets		322,757	-	322,757
Total net assets - beginning		26,481,659	-	26,481,659
Total net assets - ending	\$	26,804,416	\$ -	\$ 26,804,416

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets – SAFE Proprietary Fund – Callbox Program – By County For the Year Ended June 30, 2004 **Metropolitan Transportation Commission**

	Alameda Contra Costa	Contra Costa	Marin	Napa	San Francisco San Mateo	San Mateo	Santa Clara	Solano	Sonoma	Total
Revenues Department of Motor Vehicles registration fees Caltrans operating grants Investment earnings and other revenues	\$ 1,213,428 \$ 9,644 36,928	\$ 855,447 6,799 26,034	855,447 \$ 232,297 \$ 124,656 \$ 6,799 1,846 991 26,034 7,069 3,794	\$ 124,656 991 3,794	\$ 479,540 3,811 14,594		\$ 681,556 \$ 1,439,345 5,417 11,440 20,742 43,803	\$ 353,094 \$ 459,663 2,806 3,653 10,745 13,988	\$ 459,663 3,653 13,988	\$ 5,839,026 46,407 177,697
Total Revenues	1,260,000	888,280	241,212	129,441	497,945	707,715	1,494,588	366,645	477,304	6,063,130
Expenses	783,321	567,280	138,180	105,221	83,020	529,094	902,084	301,225	317,581	3,727,006
Income before operating and capital transfers	476,679	321,000	103,032	24,220	414,925	178,621	592,504	65,420	159,723	2,336,124
Interfund transfers	(618,245)	(296,484)	(168,386)		(49,680)	(309,075)	(452,412)	(55,016)	(64,069)	(2,013,367)
Change in net assets	(141,566)	24,516	(65,354)	24,220	365,245	(130,454)	140,092	10,404	95,654	322,757
Total net assets - beginning	5,867,893	3,335,607	(63,613)	(72,275)	3,830,218	3,312,845	7,980,463	(179,209)	(179,209) 2,469,730	26,481,659
Total net assets - ending	\$ 5,726,327	\$ 3,360,123	\$ (128,967)	\$ (48,055)	\$ 4,195,463	\$ 3,182,391	\$ 5,726,327 \$ 3,360,123 \$ (128,967) \$ (48,055) \$ 4,195,463 \$ 3,182,391 \$ 8,120,555 \$ (168,805) \$ 2,565,384 \$ 26,804,416	\$ (168,805)	\$ 2,565,384	\$26,804,416

Metropolitan Transportation Commission Schedule of Computations Demonstrating Bond Covenant Compliance – BATA Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

		2004	2003
Revenue			
Tolls	\$	145,176,202 \$	144,199,876
Interest		11,007,091	25,434,363
Other		2,399,717	2,306,668
Total revenue		158,583,010	171,940,907
Operating expenses			
Operating expenses		44,456,244	35,717,351
Services and charges		3,394,826	2,976,657
Depreciation		177,274	142,585
Total operating expenses		48,028,344	38,836,593
Net operating income		110,554,666	133,104,314
Debt service		26,663,420	20,440,983
Income before operating transfers		83,891,246	112,663,331
Operating transfers			
Metropolitan Transportation Commission Administrative			
Transfers		1,851,507	1,639,635
Metropolitan Transportation Commission Transit Transfers			
AB664 expenses		12,292,116	12,280,679
90% rail expenses		10,030,620	9,972,589
5% transit expenses	_	989,075	999,088
Total operating transfers	_	25,163,318	24,891,991
Net income before capital transfers		58,727,928	87,771,340
Capital project transfers			
Regional Measure 1 transfers		362,130,328	306,408,859
Bridge rehabilitation transfers		11,200,785	23,109,446
Transfers to other agencies		3,976,719	2,604,669
Total capital transfers		377,307,832	332,122,974
Net loss before capital contribution		(318,579,904)	(244,351,634)
Capital contribution		2,397,067	
Change in net assets		(316,182,837)	(244,351,634)
Total net assets - beginning		145,865,287	390,216,921
Total net assets / (deficit) - ending	\$	(170,317,550) \$	145,865,287

Metropolitan Transportation Commission Schedule of Computations Demonstrating Bond Covenant Compliance – BATA Proprietary Fund, *continued* For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

	2004	2003
Net Operating Income	\$ 110,554,666	\$ 133,104,314
Debt Service	\$ 26,663,420	\$ 20,440,983
Debt Service Coverage (1)	4.15	6.51
Debt Service Coverage - bond covenant requirement	1.00	1.00
Total Revenue	\$ 158,583,010	\$ 171,940,907
Fixed charges (2)	\$ 99,855,082	\$ 84,169,567
Fixed charge covearge	1.59	2.04
Fixed charge coverage - bond covenant requirement	1.00	1.00
Total revenue plus operations & maintenance reserve	\$ 283,583,010	\$ 251,940,907
Fixed charges (2)	\$ 99,855,082	\$ 84,169,567
Fixed charge coverage	2.84	2.99
Fixed charge coverage - bond covenant requirement	1.25	1.25
Self insurance reserve	\$ 50,000,000	\$ 50,000,000
Self insurance reserve - bond covenant requirement	\$ 50,000,000	\$ 50,000,000
Operations & maintenance reserve	\$ 125,000,000	\$ 80,000,000
Operations & maintenance reserve - bond coverage requirement	\$ 96,056,688	\$ 77,673,186

⁽¹⁾ Based on debt outstanding from May 24, 2001 and February 14, 2003.

⁽²⁾ Fixed charges comprises operating expenses, debt service and operating transfers.

Metropolitan Transportation Commission Schedule of Operating Revenue and Expenses – BATA Proprietary Fund – by Bridge For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

	Carquinez Bridge	Benicia- Martinez Bridge	Antioch Bridge	Richmond- San Rafael Bridge	San Francisco Oakland Bay Bridges	San Mateo - Hayward Bridge	Dumbarton Bridge	Total
Operating revenues Toll revenues collected by Caltrans Other operating revenues	\$ 27,665,208	\$ 22,070,380 \$ 292,488	3,618,949	\$ 14,813,522 217,703	\$ 48,359,687 648,329	\$ 17,798,598 229,678	27,665,208 \$ 22,070,380 \$ 3,618,949 \$ 14,813,522 \$ 48,359,687 \$ 17,798,598 \$ 10,849,858 \$ 348,252 292,488 44,935 217,703 648,329 229,678 140,285	145,176,202 1,921,670
Total operating revenues	28,013,460	22,362,868	3,663,884	15,031,225	49,008,016	18,028,276	10,990,143	147,097,872
Operating expenses Operating expenditures incurred by Caltrans Services and charges Depreciation	6,592,173 592,471 30,966	5,994,071 471,890 24,625	1,612,896 66,784 3,488	4,318,356 330,394 17,098	17,076,095 1,234,647 64,505	5,154,500 418,924 21,925	3,708,153 279,716 14,667	44,456,244 3,394,826 177,274
Total operating expenses	7,215,610	6,490,586	1,683,168	4,665,848	18,375,247	5,595,349	4,002,536	48,028,344
Operating income	\$ 20,797,850	\$ 15,872,282 \$	1,980,716	\$ 10,365,377	\$ 30,632,769	\$ 12,432,927	\$ 20.797.850 \$ 15.872.282 \$ 1.980.716 \$ 10.365.377 \$ 30.632.769 \$ 12.432.927 \$ 6.987.607 \$	99,069,528

Metropolitan Transportation Commission Schedule of Toll Collection Summary – BATA Proprietary Fund – by Bridge (in Number of Vehicles) For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

	San Francisco- Oakland Bay Bridge	San Mateo- Hayward Bridge	Dumbarton Bridge	Carquinez Bridge	Benicia- Martinez Bridge	Antioch Bridge	Richmond- San Rafael Bridge	Toll Traffic Total
Autos, Trucks, Buses & Trailers								
2-Axle 3-Axle	43,986,719	14,758,054 98.081	9,821,494	21,122,249	17,261,176	2,276,100 44.094	11,975,833	121,201,625
4-Axle		75,493	20,329	112,170	124,104	31,584	62,157	514,574
5-Axle 6-Axle	415,985 7,547	257,991 6,420	90,584 1,609	656,765 18,531	441,513 $10,248$	123,976 $1,793$	275,887 4,267	2,262,701 50,415
7-Axle & More	893	5,457	427	1,381	1,104	84	166	9,512
Subtotal - Paid Vehicles	44,646,387	15,201,496	9,976,620	22,053,941	17,987,638	2,477,631	12,398,819	124,742,532
Free Vehicles	4,534,843	1,515,474	1,205,979	1,556,209	787,593	181,739	637,795	10,419,632
Total Vehicles	49,181,230	16,716,970	11,182,599	23,610,150	18,775,231	2,659,370	13,036,614	135,162,164

Metropolitan Transportation Commission Schedule of Traffic and Toll Revenue for the Carquinez Bridge – BATA Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

		Numb	Number of Westbound Vehicles	d Vehicles			Toll Revenues	
		3 or More	Total Toll	Free	Total		3 or More	Total
	2 Axles	Axles	Vehicles	Vehicles	Vehicles	2 Axles	Axles	Revenues
July	1,854,625	84,400	1,939,025	151,435	2,090,460	\$ 1,846,940	\$ 592,662	\$ 2,439,602
August	1,932,870	84,218	2,017,088	131,078	2,148,166	1,927,627	586,810	2,514,437
September	1,715,389	80,840	1,796,229	131,233	1,927,462	1,719,372	575,883	2,295,255
October	1,787,370	85,670	1,873,040	119,612	1,992,652	1,769,656	610,901	2,380,557
November	1,690,930	69,545	1,760,475	108,382	1,868,857	1,686,960	497,514	2,184,474
December	1,700,793	70,306	1,771,099	118,153	1,889,252	1,697,739	506,627	2,204,366
January	1,698,800	68,102	1,766,902	117,348	1,884,250	1,687,935	481,078	2,169,013
February	1,588,611	65,156	1,653,767	135,241	1,789,008	1,584,967	467,047	2,052,014
March	1,786,721	81,106	1,867,827	116,601	1,984,428	1,782,961	575,760	2,358,721
April	1,751,115	79,704	1,830,819	132,386	1,963,205	1,746,058	569,683	2,315,741
May	1,812,172	77,830	1,890,002	138,147	2,028,149	1,807,174	550,233	2,357,407
June	1,802,853	84,815	1,887,668	156,593	2,044,261	1,790,800	602,821	2,393,621
Grand Total								
FY 03-04	21,122,249	931,692	22,053,941	1,556,209	23,610,150	\$21,048,189	\$ 6,617,019	\$ 27,665,208

		Numb	Number of Westbound Vehicles	d Vehicles			Toll Revenues	
		3 or More	Total Toll	Free	Total		3 or More	Total
	2 Axles	Axles	Vehicles	Vehicles	Vehicles	2 Axles	Axles	Revenues
Inly	1 499 876	<i>C9C 0L</i>	1 570 138	86 641	1 656 779	\$ 1.496.999	\$ 454.609	\$ 1.951.608
, tur	1,7,7,1	102,07	1,070,100	00,011	1,000,1	1,1,0,1,1	40.00	1,001,000
August	1,547,294	69,994	1,617,288	69,747	1,687,035	1,543,578	454,216	1,997,794
September	1,404,455	65,376	1,469,831	65,237	1,535,068	1,401,639	440,574	1,842,213
October	1,476,992	68,612	1,545,604	57,786	1,603,390	1,471,459	464,478	1,935,937
November	1,368,782	53,368	1,422,150	55,643	1,477,793	1,367,397	362,739	1,730,136
December	1,423,135	50,346	1,473,481	60,992	1,534,473	1,416,206	348,268	1,764,474
January	1,377,999	48,825	1,426,824	56,304	1,483,128	1,374,283	330,227	1,704,510
February	1,309,293	46,357	1,355,650	63,822	1,419,472	1,312,193	310,783	1,622,976
March	1,481,445	61,060	1,542,505	56,257	1,598,762	1,482,100	411,944	1,894,044
April	1,432,340	60,905	1,493,245	80,709	1,573,954	1,428,157	406,537	1,834,694
May	1,477,742	62,441	1,540,183	56,108	1,596,291	1,470,152	410,173	1,880,325
June	1,461,823	68,916	1,530,739	78,347	1,609,086	1,459,887	451,782	1,911,669
Grand Total								
FY 03-04	17,261,176	726,462	17,987,638	787,593	18,775,231	\$17,224,050	\$ 4,846,330	\$22,070,380

Metropolitan Transportation Commission Schedule of Traffic and Toll Revenue for the Antioch Bridge – BATA Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

		Numb	Number of Westbound Vehicles	d Vehicles			Toll Revenues	
		3 or More	Total Toll	Free	Total		3 or More	Total
	2 Axles	Axles	Vehicles	Vehicles	Vehicles	2 Axles	Axles	Revenues
July	204,636	19,563	224,199	19,100	243,299	\$ 206,081	\$ 124,745	\$ 330,826
August	212,679	19,714	232,393	16,414	248,807	213,545	125,664	339,209
September	188,494	18,230	206,724	14,755	221,479	190,430	119,857	310,287
October	195,390	19,902	215,292	16,421	231,713	198,029	132,446	330,475
November	179,639	14,464	194,103	12,991	207,094	180,495	97,634	278,129
December	178,114	13,393	191,507	14,459	205,966	174,036	93,271	267,307
January	170,055	13,218	183,273	12,946	196,219	173,008	91,557	264,565
February	164,361	12,428	176,789	13,026	189,815	167,195	86,561	253,756
March	191,092	16,185	207,277	14,690	221,967	187,923	109,702	297,625
April	176,994	15,951	192,945	14,187	207,132	178,813	105,814	284,627
May	205,025	18,431	223,456	15,305	238,761	204,154	119,474	323,628
June	209,621	20,052	229,673	17,445	247,118	207,321	131,194	338,515
Grand Total								
FY 03-04	2,276,100	201,531	2,477,631	181,739	2,659,370	\$ 2,281,030	\$ 1,337,919	\$ 3,618,949

Schedule 12 Metropolitan Transportation Commission Schedule of Traffic and Toll Revenue for the Richmond-San Rafael Bridge – BATA Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

		Numb	Number of Westbound Vehicles	d Vehicles			Toll Revenues	
	2 Avlos	3 or More	Total Toll	Free	Total	7 Avles	3 or More	Total
	Z PAICS	Sales Sales				Z PAICS	Sales.	No venues
July	1,064,266	36,748	1,101,014	58,038	1,159,052	\$ 1,061,397	\$ 246,135	\$ 1,307,532
August	1,095,792	37,705	1,133,497	44,549	1,178,046	1,094,640	252,375	1,347,015
September	1,007,397	37,987	1,045,384	51,482	1,096,866	1,006,469	261,180	1,267,649
October	1,038,080	40,080	1,078,160	54,352	1,132,512	1,035,249	277,138	1,312,387
November	948,867	32,137	981,004	37,199	1,018,203	944,889	221,226	1,166,115
December	956,039	31,599	987,638	44,419	1,032,057	955,220	218,516	1,173,736
January	947,305	30,785	978,090	42,918	1,021,008	937,692	205,260	1,142,952
February	895,409	28,160	923,569	54,941	978,510	896,035	190,957	1,086,992
March	1,025,636	36,924	1,062,560	48,658	1,111,218	1,013,015	254,720	1,267,735
April	980,859	35,458	1,016,317	69,479	1,085,796	976,954	242,813	1,219,767
May	1,009,567	35,143	1,044,710	63,245	1,107,955	1,004,962	239,300	1,244,262
June	1,006,616	40,260	1,046,876	68,515	1,115,391	1,002,937	274,443	1,277,380
Grand Total								
FY 03-04	11,975,833	422,986	12,398,819	637,795	13,036,614	\$11,929,459	\$ 2,884,063	\$14,813,522

Metropolitan Transportation Commission Schedule of Traffic and Toll Revenue for the San Francisco-Oakland Bridge – BATA Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

		Numb	Number of Westbound Vehicles	d Vehicles			Toll Revenues	
		3 or More	Total Toll	Free	Total		3 or More	Total
	2 Axles	Axles	Vehicles	Vehicles	Vehicles	2 Axles	Axles	Revenues
July	3,828,216	56,541	3.884.757	405,742	4.290.499	\$ 3,820,833	\$ 376.197	\$ 4.197,030
August	3,912,084	56,862	3,968,946	373,796	4,342,742	3,909,041	377,786	4,286,827
September	3,636,713	56,353	3,693,066	392,643	4,085,709	3,651,912	378,284	4,030,196
October	3,756,055	60,663	3,816,718	395,179	4,211,897	3,738,859	406,586	4,145,445
November	3,564,780	50,207	3,614,987	329,690	3,944,677	3,568,156	339,663	3,907,819
December	3,596,506	51,707	3,648,213	347,526	3,995,739	3,585,921	350,351	3,936,272
January	3,582,867	50,813	3,633,680	344,539	3,978,219	3,578,622	342,701	3,921,323
February	3,389,432	49,185	3,438,617	352,536	3,791,153	3,385,459	318,818	3,704,277
March	3,726,840	58,630	3,785,470	407,066	4,192,536	3,736,643	384,453	4,121,096
April	3,608,096	55,894	3,663,990	370,522	4,034,512	3,606,647	375,686	3,982,333
May	3,735,645	53,878	3,789,523	386,972	4,176,495	3,726,219	364,103	4,090,322
June	3,649,485	58,935	3,708,420	428,632	4,137,052	3,636,811	399,936	4,036,747
Grand Total FY 03-04	43,986,719	659,668	44,646,387	4,534,843	49,181,230	\$43,945,123	\$ 4,414,564	\$48,359,687

Metropolitan Transportation Commission Schedule of Traffic and Toll Revenue for the San Mateo-Hayward Bridge – BATA Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

		Numb	Number of Westbound Vehicles	nd Vehicles			Toll Revenues	
		3 or More	Total Toll	Free	Total		3 or More	Total
	2 Axles	Axles	Vehicles	Vehicles	Vehicles	2 Axles	Axles	Revenues
July	1,245,998	38,052	1,284,050	138,072	1,422,122	\$ 1,248,141	\$ 248,568	\$ 1,496,709
August	1,282,000	38,306	1,320,306	125,036	1,445,342	1,301,134	249,493	1,550,627
September	1,225,545	39,153	1,264,698	126,857	1,391,555	1,237,251	258,960	1,496,211
October	1,288,920	40,218	1,329,138	128,948	1,458,086	1,304,614	266,435	1,571,049
November	1,165,037	32,345	1,197,382	109,080	1,306,462	1,164,507	215,167	1,379,674
December	1,181,015	31,540	1,212,555	120,217	1,332,772	1,189,496	209,140	1,398,636
January	1,179,419	31,623	1,211,042	116,339	1,327,381	1,191,419	205,350	1,396,769
February	1,128,255	29,892	1,158,147	116,028	1,274,175	1,135,977	193,863	1,329,840
March	1,285,026	37,841	1,322,867	128,062	1,450,929	1,294,988	247,001	1,541,989
April	1,261,486	37,093	1,298,579	133,068	1,431,647	1,273,665	244,174	1,517,839
May	1,260,881	38,372	1,299,253	128,591	1,427,844	1,261,976	256,450	1,518,426
June	1,254,472	49,007	1,303,479	145,176	1,448,655	1,261,344	339,485	1,600,829
Grand Total								
FY 03-04	14,758,054	443,442	15,201,496	1,515,474	16,716,970	\$14,864,512	\$ 2,934,086	\$17,798,598

Metropolitan Transportation Commission Schedule of Traffic and Toll Revenue for the Dumbarton Bridge – BATA Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

		Numb	Number of Westbound Vehicles	d Vehicles			Toll Revenues	
	2 Axles	3 or More	Total Toll Vehicles	Free Vehicles	Total Vehicles	2 Axles	3 or More	Total Revenues
		COLUM				CONVE	Saway	
July	824,169	13,538	837,707	111,295	949,002	\$ 829,062	\$ 86,429	\$ 915,491
August	836,622	14,200	850,822	98,636	949,458	838,567	93,651	932,218
September	816,114	13,974	830,088	103,699	933,787	810,420	91,779	902,199
October	861,003	14,304	875,307	106,277	981,584	868,646	93,146	961,792
November	773,156	11,383	784,539	87,745	872,284	776,957	73,663	850,620
December	781,941	10,835	792,776	93,269	886,045	780,583	70,446	851,029
January	797,921	12,137	810,058	95,332	905,390	802,667	75,261	877,928
February	767,374	9,691	777,065	93,858	870,923	768,025	60,838	828,863
March	865,328	13,918	879,246	105,154	984,400	873,903	87,695	961,598
April	829,222	13,088	842,310	104,668	946,978	827,844	84,317	912,161
May	831,745	13,214	844,959	92,326	937,285	836,806	85,380	922,186
June	836,899	14,844	851,743	113,720	965,463	836,835	96,938	933,773
Grand Total								
FY 03-04	9,821,494	155,126	9,976,620	1,205,979	11,182,599	\$9,850,315	\$ 999,543	\$10,849,858

Metropolitan Transportation Commission Schedule of Fiduciary Net Assets by Participant June 30, 2004

	County o Alameda	ا آ	County of County of Alameda Contra Costa		County of Marin	Co	ounty of Napa	City/ San	County of Francisco	County of City/County of County of County of Napa San Francisco San Mateo Santa Clara Solano	Cou	nty of	పి ^జ	ounty of Solano	ටි නි	County of Sonoma	TDA Fiduciary Total		AB1107 Fund Program	-	Fiduciary Fund Total
Restricted assets held by participating counties A/R - Interest	\$ 12,038,1	38,188 \$ 20,000	\$ 12,038,188 \$ 15,158,844 \$ 20,000 6,049		1,151,340 \$	∞́ ∽	,226,121	€	1,995,946	1,151,340 \$ 8,226,121 \$ 1,995,946 \$ 2,067,166 \$ 5,240,121 \$ 10,267,000 \$ 19,234,404 \$ 75,379,130 \$ 4,413 - 18,583 - 98,410	\$ 5,2	340,121	\$ 10	0,267,000	\$ 15	,234,404	\$ 75,379,130 98,410	\$ 0	-10,000	€	75,379,130 108,410
Total Net Assets	\$ 12,058,1	88	12,058,188 \$ 15,164,893 \$	~	1,155,753	8	,226,121	∞	1,995,946	1,155,753 \$ 8,226,121 \$ 1,995,946 \$ 2,085,749 \$ 5,240,121 \$ 10,316,365 \$ 19,234,404 \$ 75,477,540 \$ 10,000 \$ 75,487,540	\$ 5,2	240,121	2	0,316,365	\$ 15	,234,404	\$ 75,477,54	\$ 0	10,000	8	75,487,540
Accounts Payable Accrued Expense Due to other Governments	\$ 1,164,143 188,123 10,705,922	43 \$ 23	1,164,143 \$ 218,261 \$ 188,123 - 10,705,922 14,946,632	↔	47,266 \$ 32,496 1,075,991	<u>∞</u>	47,000 \$ 19,698 8,159,423	69	13,521 \$ 201,750 1,780,675	\$ - \$ 89,930 1,995,819	\$	165,767 \$ 288,473 4,785,881		285,612 779,435 9,251,318	\$ 15	86,635 16,853 19,130,916	86,635 \$ 2,028,205 16,853 1,616,758 130,916 71,832,577	2 8 7	- 10,000	↔	2,028,205 1,616,758 71,842,577
Total Liabilities	\$ 12,058,1	88	12,058,188 \$ 15,164,893 \$	↔	1,155,753 \$	∞	226,121	69	1,995,946	1,155,753 \$ 8,226,121 \$ 1,995,946 \$ 2,085,749 \$ 5,240,121 \$ 10,316,365 \$ 19,234,404 \$ 75,477,540 \$ 10,000 \$ 75,487,540	\$ 5.2	340.121	\$ 10	316,365	\$ 15	,234,404	\$ 75,477.54	\$	10.000	69	75,487,540

Metropolitan Transportation Commission Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

	County of Alameda	County of Contra Costa	County of Marin	County of Napa	City/County of San Francisco	County of San Mateo	County of Santa Clara	County of Solano	County of Sonoma	TDA Fiduciary Fund Total	AB1107 Fund Program	Fiduciary Fund Total
Local Transportation Fund AB1107 fees Investment earnings	\$ 55,175,813 - 199,044	\$ 55,175,813 \$ 31,412,304 - 199,044 100,583	\$ 9,907,306 - 25,382	9,907,306 \$ 5,102,757 \$ - 25,382 88,820		\$ 28,570,875 - 117,353	29,492,989 \$ 28,570,875 \$ 69,078,642 \$ 13,532,712 \$ 17,369,653 \$ 259,643,051 56,216 117,353 101,447 257,722 379,642 1,326,209	\$ 13,532,712 - 257,722	\$ 17,369,653 - 379,642	\$ 259,643,051 3 - 1,326,209	\$ 56,936,980 125,825	\$ 259,643,051 56,936,980 1,452,034
Total additions	55,374,857	31,512,887	9,932,688	5,191,577	29,549,205	28,688,228	69,180,089	13,790,434	17,749,295	260,969,260	57,062,805	318,032,065
Allocations Administrative	54,902,417 1,956,268	54,902,417 28,729,537 1,956,268 1,161,885	9,552,795 396,292	2,649,738 204,110	28,372,941 1,179,720	27,977,541 1,055,848	66,158,479 2,763,147	13,934,474 541,308	15,428,377 629,940	247,706,299 9,888,518	57,052,805	304,759,104 9,888,518
Total deductions	56,858,685	29,891,422	9,949,087	2,853,848	29,552,661	29,033,389	68,921,626	14,475,782	16,058,317	257,594,817	57,052,805	314,647,622
Net of additions over (under) deductions	(1,483,828)	(1,483,828) 1,621,465	(16,399)	2,337,729	(3,456)	(345,161)	258,463	(685,348)	1,690,978	3,374,443	10,000	3,384,443
Due to other governments 6/30/03	12,189,750 13,325,168	13,325,168	1,092,390	5,821,695	1,784,131	2,340,980	4,527,419	9,936,667	17,439,934	68,458,134	,	68,458,134
Due to other governments 6/30/04 \$ 10,705,922 \$ 14,946,633	\$ 10,705,922	\$ 14,946,633	1,075,991	\$ 8,159,424 \$		\$ 1.995,819	\$ 4.785.882	\$ 9,251,319	\$ 19,130,912	1.780.675 \$ 1.995.819 \$ 4.785.882 \$ 9.251.319 \$ 19.130.912 \$ 71.832.577 \$		10.000 \$ 71.842.577

Schedule of Interest Rate Swap - BATA Proprietary Fund **Metropolitan Transportation Commission** June 30, 2004

	Series A-2001	Series A-2001	Series B-2001	Series C-2001	Series 2003	Total
Notional Amount Trade date	\$75,000,000	\$75,000,000	\$75,000,000	\$75,000,000	\$200,000,000	\$500,000,000
Swap mode	Cost of fund / 65% Libor	Cost of fund	Cost of fund	Cost of fund	65% LIBOR	
Maturity	4/1/2036	4/1/2036	4/1/2025	4/1/2029	4/1/2038	
Basis risk	No**	No**	No**	No**	Yes	
All in rate contracted cost basis cost liquidity marketing	4.090% 0.000% 0.300%	4.100% 0.000% 0.300%	4.110% 0.000% 0.300%	4.120% 0.000% 0.300%	4.139% 0.333% 0.300%	
	4.390%	4.400%	4.410%	4.420%	4.772%	
Counterparty (CP) % held by CP - 2001 Swap	Morgan Stanley 25%	CitiBank 25%	AMBAC See series c for	AMBAC 50%	AMBAC 0%	100%
% held by CP - Aggregate	15%	15%	cumulative See 2003 for cumulative	See 2003 for cumulative	70%	100%
S&P/Moodys	A+/Aa3	AA/Aa1	AAA/Aaa	AAA/Aaa	AAA/Aaa	
Ratings outlook	Stable/Stable	Stable/Stable	Stable/N.A.	Stable/N.A.	Stable/N.A.	
Termination value	(\$4,720,500)	(\$4,829,400)	(\$4,655,000)	(\$4,720,200)	(\$13,931,800)	(\$32,856,900)
Credit risk CP collateral posting * CP < AA and	Yes	Š	No	No	No	
Termination value > \$10,000,000	No	No	No	No	No	
Termination risk ***	No	No	No	No	No	
Tax risk	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	
Counterparty default rate	65% LIBOR	65% LIBOR	65% LIBOR	65% LIBOR	N.A.	

 $[\]ast$ Unliateral collateral posting from cp; see attachment f for collateral schedule $\ast\ast$ Yes, upon 2006 conversion to 65% libor index

^{***} Unilateral termination at BATA's discretion

Photography/Art

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Alfred Zampa Memorial Bridge (Carquinez): Caltrans/Bill Hall

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Richmond-San Rafael Bridge: Caltrans

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Caltrain Baby Bullet: Tom Tracy

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Caldecott Tunnel: Caltrans/John Huseby

U.S. Highway 101: Caltrans/John Huseby

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Schoolchildren: ©Kit Morris

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AC Transit bus: Tom Tracy

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BART train: John Benson

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Traffic: Getty Images

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U.S. Map: Getty Images

Pages 14-15

Top row, left to right Ferry: Golden Gate Transit

Bay Area aerial: ©2005 Barrie Rokeach State capitol: ©Tom Myers Photography Toll booth: Caltrans/John Huseby

Second row, left to right

Bridge pedestrians: Caltrans/Bill Hall Senator Barbara Boxer: Noah Berger

Fruitvale Village: Peter Beeler

Woman with microphone: Dan Krauss

Muni streetcar: Peter Beeler

Third row, left to right Richmond-San Rafael Bridge: Caltrans/John Huseby Bay Bridge East Span: Caltrans

BART train: John Benson

Caltrain Baby Bullet: @Scott Buschman

Bottom row, left to right

Bridge construction: Caltrans/Bill Hall Woman with cell phone: Peter Beeler

Cargo ship: Tom Tracy

All images not listed above are from MTC archives.

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In Memoriam

We dedicate this annual report to the memory of Commissioner Emeritus William R. "Bill" Lucius.

